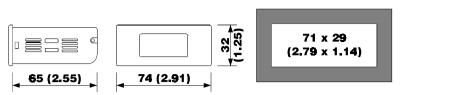
DIMENSIONAL DATA

OVERALL DIMENSIONS AND PANEL CUTOUT

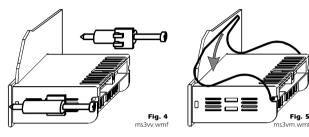
The dimensions are expressed in millimetres and inches (third-scale drawing)



INSTALLATION

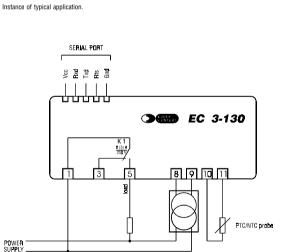
WITH THE FIXING SYSTEMS SUGGESTED BY THE BUILDER

Panel mounting, with the equipped screw (Fig. 4) or spring brackets (Fig. 5) (third-scale drawing)



ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

CONNECTIONS TO DERIVE



BUILDER DATA

EVERY CONTROL S.r.I. Via Mezzaterra 6, 32036 Sedico Belluno ITALY Phone 0039/0437852468 (a.r.) Fax 0039/043783648 Internet addresses e-mail: everv@worknet.it http://www.everycontrol.it

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EC 3-130

ON-OFF single output digital thermoregulator

Fig. 3

ds3ve.wm

Operating instructions Release 1/00 of January the twenty-seventh 2000

Code EC 3-130 DOC E001 File 3130e p65

IMPORTANT:

The use of this new instrument is easy; but for safety reasons, it is important read these instructions carefully before the installation or before the use and follow all additional informations.

It is very important keep these instructions with the instrument for future consultations.

GENERAL INFORMATIONS

WHAT IS THE LISE

EC 3-130 is an ON-OFF single output digital thermoregulator able to cover a temperature range from -50 to +99 °C (-58 to +99 °F).

In factory the instrument gets preset to accept at the measure input PTC/NTC probes used in this field of applications at the moment

Some parameters permit to set the thermoregulator to display the temperature in Fahrenheit or Celsius degrees, for "cooling" or "heating" functioning, to protect the connected load against overloads due to several starts repeated in a short time, to signal working conditions outside the safety limits.

EC 3-130 is available in the 74 x 32 mm (2.91 x 1.25 in.) case and it is studied for panel mounting with the equipped screw or spring brackets.

GETTING STARTED

INSTALLATION

EC 3-130 was studied for panel mounting, panel cutout 71 x 29 mm (2.79 x 1.14 in.), with the equipped screw or spring brackets (the overall dimensions and the panel cutout are related in Fig. 3, the fixing systems suggested by the builder are related respectively in Fig. 4 and in Fig. 5).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- the panel thickness must be included from 1 to 5 mm (0.04 to 0.19 in.)
- verify if the using conditions (ambient temperature, humidity, etc.) are within the limits indicated by the builder (see the chapter TECHNICAL DATA)
- install the instrument in a location with a suitable ventilation, to avoid the internal overheating of the instrument
- do not install the instrument near surfaces that can to obstruct the air-grating (carpets, covers, etc.), heating sources (radiators, hot air ducts, etc.), locations subject to direct sunlight, rain, humidity, excessive dust, mechanical vibrations or bumps, devices with strong magnetos (microwave ovens, big speakers, etc.)
- according with the safety norms, the protection against possible contacts with electrical parts and parts protected with functional insulation only must be ensured through a correct installation procedure of the instrument; all parts that ensure the protection must be fixed so that they can not be removed if not with a tool
- if not differently specified at the time of order, the instrument will be equipped with screw brackets.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

Fig. 6

c3-130e.wmf

EC 3-130 is provided with two screw terminal blocks for cables up to 2.5 mm² (0.38 in.², for the connection to the power supply, measure input and output) and it is provided with one five poles single line male connector (for the connection to the CLONE configurer/cloner and RICS supervision systems) located on the instrument back panel (the connections to derive are related in Fig. 6 and they are checkable on the polyester label stuck on the instrument case). ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- if the instrument is brought from a cold to a warm location, the humidity may condense inside the instrument: wait about an hour before supply the instrument
- verify if the operating power supply voltage, electrical frequency and power of the instrument correspond to the local power supply (see the chapter TECHNICAL DATA)
- do not supply more instruments with the same transformer
- if the instrument is installed on a vehicle, its power supply must be derived directly from the battery of the vehicle
- give the instrument a protection able to limit the current absorbed in case of failure
- the instrument remains connected to the local power supply as long as the terminals 8 and 9 are derived to the local power supply, even if the instrument is apparently turned off
- give the probe a protection able to insulate it against possible contacts with metal parts or use insulated probes
- give the output a protection able to protect it against short circuit and overload



Fig. 1 f3-130n.wmf

Fig. 2

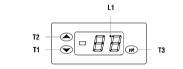
iu3130 wm

- do not try to repair the instrument; for the repairs apply to highly qualified staff
- if you have any questions or problems concerning the instrument please consult Every Control (see the chapter BUILDER DATA).

USE

PRELIMINARY INFORMATIONS

After derived the connections related in Fig. 6, during the normal functioning the instrument displays the temperature read by the probe



If an alarm should be active the instrument displays the alarm code flashing and the buzzer utters an intermittent beep as long as the cause that has given it does not disappear (see the chapter SIGNALS AND ALARMS); pressure on the key T1 during an alarm permits to silence the buzzer.

EC 3-130 is provided with one working setpoint and with some configuration parameters that get stored in a non volatile memory and that permit to set the instrument according with one's requirements (see the chapter CONFIGURABILITY).

The output K 1 is associated to the working setpoint, it remains activated continuously as long as the temperature read by the probe reaches the working setpoint and when it rises above (if the output was set for "cooling" functioning) or it falls below (if the output was set for "heating" functioning) the working setpoint of the hysteresis value (differential) the output gets reactivated.

WORKING SETPOINT SETTING (WORKING TEMPERATURE)

To modify the working setpoint value keep pushed the key T3 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the desired value (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly): after the modification release the key T3 last; during the pressure of the key T3 the LED L1 flashes quickly to indicate that a working setpoint setting procedure is running (to the release of the key T3 the instrument automatically turns out from the working setpoint setting procedure).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- for the whole period of a corrupted memory data alarm the access to the working setpoint setting procedure is refused
- the working setpoint is programmable within the limits established with the parameters r1 and r2
- the working setpoint value gets stored in a non volatile memory even if a lack of power supply happens.

CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS SETTING

Configuration parameters are arranged on two levels, to protect the most tricky settings against undesirable violations and they are arranged in families that can be recognized through the initial letter of the label

To gain access to the first level keep pushed at the same time for four seconds at least the keys T1 and T2 (passed four seconds the instrument displays the label PA).

To select a parameter of the first level push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the label of the desired parameter.

To modify the parameter value keep pushed the key T3 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the desired value (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly); after the modification release the key T3 last (to the release of the key T3 the instrument displays the label of the parameter again)

To gain access to the second level enter inside the first level and select the label PA.



Keep pushed the key T3 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays -19 (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly): after the modification release the key T3 last (to the release of the key T3 the instrument displays the label PA again): keep pushed at the same time for four seconds at least the keys T1 and T2 (passed four seconds the instrument displays the first parameter of the second level)

To select a parameter of the second level push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the label of the desired parameter.

To modify the parameter value keep pushed the key T3 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time nush and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the desired value (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly); after the modification release the key T3 last (to the release of the key T3 the instrument displays the label of the parameter again)

To turn out from the configuration parameters setting procedure keep pushed at the same time for four seconds at least the keys T1 and T2 or do not operate with the keys for fifty seconds at least (time-out evit)

ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- for the whole period of a corrupted memory data alarm the access to the configuration parameters setting procedure is refused
- the modification of a parameter value which unit of measure is the hour or the minute or the second has not immediate effect; to obtain this effect it must not be executed during the course of the value
- the configuration parameters values get stored in a non volatile memory even if a lack of power supply happens.

CONFIGURABILITY

WORKING SETPOINT

LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. WORKING SETPOINT

r1 r2 (*) 0 working setpoint

It establishes the temperature associated to the output K 1.

CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS

LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. PASSWORD DA 55 00

L.W.	-33	33	 U	passworu (9)	

It is the password that permits to gain access to the second level LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. MEASURE INPUT

/0 1 3 --- 1 kind of probe

It establishes the kind of probe that the instrument must recognize to its measure input, as indicated:

1 = PTC probe 3 = NTC probe.

/1 -55 +99 (*)/8 0 calibration (§) It establishes a threshold to add algebraically to the signal coming from the measure input (for

instance to correct the signal).

/2 0 6 --- 3 digital filter

It establishes a time constant to apply to the signal coming from the measure input, as indi-

Caleu	l.			
0 =	0 sec.	1 =	0.4 sec.	
2 =	1.2 sec.	3 =	3.0 sec.	
4 =	8.0 sec.	5 =	19.8 sec.	
6 =	48.0 sec.			

unit of measure /8 0 1 --- 1

It establishes the unit of measure with which the temperature gets displayed, as indicated: 0 = the unit of measure is the Fahrenheit degree

1 = the unit of measure is the Celsius degree.

LABELMIN. MAX. U.M. ST. ON-OFF TEMPERATURE REGULATOR ASSOCIATED TO THE WORKING SETPOINT AND TO THE OUTPUT K 1

r0 -15 +15 (*) +2 hysteresis (differential) (§)

It establishes the hysteresis (differential) relative to the working setpoint.

r1 -55 +99 (*) -55 minimum working setpoint programmable It establishes the minimum working setpoint programmable; the instrument automatically verifies if the value established with the parameter r1 is below the maximum working setpoint programmable established with the parameter r2.

r2 -55 +99 (*) +99 maximum working setpoint programmable

It establishes the maximum working setpoint programmable: the instrument automatically verifies if the value established with the parameter r2 is above the minimum working setpoint programmable established with the parameter r1.

r3	0	1		0	"cooling" or "heating" functioning
----	---	---	--	---	------------------------------------

It	establishe	s the	output	functioning,	as	indicated:

0 = "cooling" functioning 1 = "heating" functioning

LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. OUTPUT K 1 PROTECTION

CO O 15 min O disabling time to the output activation from the instrument start

It establishes the time that disables the output activation from the moment of the instrument

C1	0	15	min	•	dischling time to the output estimation from the proving
61	U	15	min.	U	disabling time to the output activation from the previous
					activation

It establishes the time th	t disables the output	activation from the	moment of the previous
output activation.			

C2 0 15 min. 0 disabling time to the output activation from the previous deactivation

It establishes the time that disables the output activation from the moment of the previous output deactivation.

C3 0 1 --- 0 output status during a probe failure alarm

It establishes the status to which the output gets forced during a probe failure alarm, as indicated: and a failure along the entropy and family to the states OFF

Working range:

Setting range

Resolution.

Disnlay.

Outputs:

Serial port:

CODING SYSTEM

Instrument name

Ontions:

Desired measure input:

Desired nower sunnly

HOW TO ORDER

from -50 to +99 °C (-58 to +99 °F) for PTC probe, from

1 °F with unit of measure in Fahrenheit, 1 °C with unit of

2-digit display 12.5 mm (0.49 in.) high red LED display

one change-over contact 8 (3) A @ 250 Vac relay for regu-

TTL with EVCOBILS protocol communication for the con-

nection to the CLONE configurer/cloner and RICS supervi-

with automatic minus sign, output status indicator,

-40 to +99 °C (-40 to +99 °F) for NTC probe.

from -55 to +99 °C (-55 to +99 °F).

measure in Calcius

sion systems.

EC 3-130

lation load management

P (for PTC/NTC probes).

012 (12 Vac/dc).

024 (12-24 Vac/dc)

custom configuration.

C4	0	1		0	disabling time to the output activation and deactivation
1 =	duri	ng a pr	obe failu	ure alari	rm the output gets forced to the status ON.
0 =	aurii	ng a pr	obe tall	lire alari	im the output gets forced to the status OFF

It establishes if to disable the output activation and deactivation for a fixed time, as indicated: 0 = inactive

1 = the output activation and deactivation get disabled for 3 sec. LAREL MIN MAX II M ST TEMPERATURE ALARM REGULATOR

A0 +1 +15 (*) +2 hysteresis (differential

It establishes the hysteresis (differential) relative to the parameters A1 and A2.

A1 -55 0 (*) 0 lower alarm set relative to the working setpoint

It establishes a threshold to add algebraically to the working setpoint: the value so obtained establishes the temperature below which the lower temperature alarm nets activated

If the parameter A1 has value 0 the lower temperature alarm never gets activated.

A2 0 +99 (*) 0 upper alarm set relative to the working setpoint It establishes a threshold to add algebraically to the working setpoint; the value so obtained

establishes the temperature above which the upper temperature alarm gets activated.

If the narameter A2 has value 0 the unner temperature alarm never nets activated A3 0 15 hours 0 disabling time to the alarm activation from the instru-

ment start

It establishes the time that disables the temperature alarm activation from the moment of the

instrument start.

PROTOCOL COMMUNICATION

LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. CONNECTION IN A SERIAL NETWORK WITH EVCOBUS instrument address

L1 1

Personal Computer).

Personal Computer) ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

SIGNALS

ALARMS

inactive

ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

TECHNICAL DATA

Type of protection:

Ambient temperature:

Power supply:

Alarm buzzer:

2 Measure inputs:

Insulation class:

Case

Size:

Installation:

Connections

TECHNICAL DATA

15 --- 1

12 0 7 --- 0 instrument aroun

SIGNALS AND ALARMS

running (see the parameters CO, C1, C2 and C4)

and the output K 1 gets forced to the status OFF

K 1 gets forced to the status established with the parameter C3

the alarm codes are related in order of precedence.

IP 54

serial port).

incorporated

Ш

densing relative humidity)

1 configurable for PTC/NTC probes

If the LED L1 is turned ON it means that the output K1 is activated.

It establishes the address to which the instrument (slave) answers when it is connected to a serial network with EVCOBUS protocol communication managed from a master (for instance a

It establishes the group to which the instrument (slave) answers when it is connected to a

serial network with EVCOBUS protocol communication managed from a master (for instance a

the symbol (*) indicates that the unit of measure depends from the parameter /8.

If the LED L1 flashes it means that a count of a disabling time to the output K 1 activation is

If the instrument displays the indication "E2" flashing and the buzzer utters an intermittent been (corrupted memory data alarm) it means that there is a corruption of the configuration data in the memory (turn OFF and turn ON again the instrument: if to the turning ON again the alarm does not disappear the instrument must be replaced); during this alarm the access to the working setpoint setting and the configuration parameters setting procedures is refused

If the instrument displays the indication "E0" flashing and the buzzer utters an intermittent

beep (probe failure alarm) it means that: the kind of connected probe is not proper (see the

ment-probe connection (verify the instrument-probe connection integrity), the temperature

read by the probe is outside the limits permitted by the probe in use (verify that the tempera-

ture near the probe be inside the limits permitted by the probe); during this alarm the output

If the instrument displays the temperature read by the probe flashing and the buzzer utters an

intermittent beep (temperature alarm) it means that the temperature read by the probe is

outside the limit established with the parameter A1 or A2 (see the parameters A0, A1 and A2);

If the instrument displays the indication "99" flashing (end of scale display) it means that the

temperature read by the probe is outside the working range permitted by the instrument (verify

that the temperature near the probe be inside the limits permitted by the instrument); inactive.

plastic black (PC-ABS), self-extinguishing.

with the equipped screw or spring brackets.

12 Vac/dc or 12-24 Vac/dc 50/60 Hz 1.5 VA

panel mounting, panel cutout 71 x 29 mm (2,79 x 1,14 in.).

screw terminal blocks with pitch 5 mm (0.19 in., power supply and measure input) and with pitch 10 mm (0.39 in.,

output) for cables up to 2.5 mm² (0.38 in.²), five poles single line male connector with pitch 5.08 mm (0.2 in.,

from 0 to +60 °C (+32 to +140 °F. 10 ... 90 % of not con-

74 x 32 x 65 mm (2.91 x 1.25 x 2.55 in.)

parameter (0), the probe is faulty (verify the probe integrity), there is a mistake in the instru-

the symbol (§) indicates that the parameter is of the first level