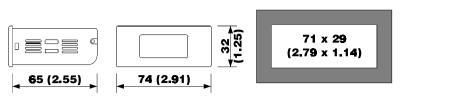
# DIMENSIONAL DATA

#### OVERALL DIMENSIONS AND PANEL CUTOUT

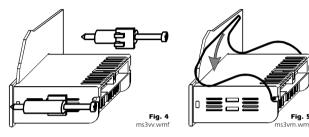
The dimensions are expressed in millimetres and inches (third-scale drawing)



# INSTALLATION

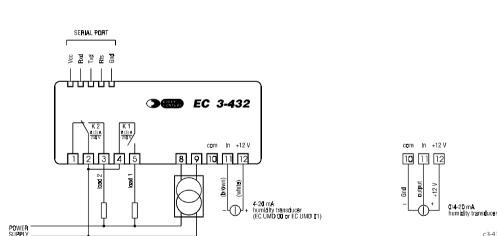
#### WITH THE FIXING SYSTEMS SUGGESTED BY THE BUILDER

Panel mounting, with the equipped screw (Fig. 4) or spring brackets (Fig. 5) (third-scale drawing)



# **ELECTRICAL CONNECTION**

CONNECTIONS TO DEBIVE Instance of typical application



# **BUILDER DATA**

#### EVERY CONTROL S.r.I. Via Mezzaterra 6, 32036 Sedico Belluno ITALY Phone 0039/0437852468 (a.r.) Fax 0039/043783648 Internet addresses

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# EC 3-432

**ON-OFF two outputs digital humidity control**ler

Fia. 3

ds3ve.wm

Operating instructions Release 1/99 of September the second 1999 Code EC 3-432 DOC E000

# File 3437e p65

#### IMPORTANT:

The use of this new instrument is easy; but for safety reasons, it is important read these instructions carefully before the installation or before the use and follow all additional informations.

It is very important keep these instructions with the instrument for future consultations.

# **GENERAL INFORMATIONS**

#### WHAT IS THE LISE

EC 3-432 is an ON-OFF two outputs digital humidity controller which reading scale is configurable. In factory the instrument dets preset to accent at the measure input 2 and 3 wires 0/4-20 mA humidity transducers like FC UMD 00 and FC UMD 01 and it is able to provide to the power supply of transducers if they are studied to work with a voltage included from +9 and +16 V. This device can be set to execute one of the following kind of regulation: with an independent working setpoint and the second relative to the first, with two independent working setpoint (in these two cases each output can be set for "dehumidifying" or "humidifying" functioning), with "neutral zone" functioning.

EC 3-432 is available in the 74 x 32 mm (2.91 x 1.25 in.) case and it is studied for panel mounting with the equipped screw or spring brackets.

#### **GETTING STARTED**

#### INSTALLATION

EC 3-432 was studied for panel mounting, panel cutout 71 x 29 mm (2.79 x 1.14 in.), with the equipped screw or spring brackets (the overall dimensions and the panel cutout are related in Fig. 3, the fixing systems suggested by the builder are related respectively in Fig. 4 and in Fig. 5).

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- the panel thickness must be included from 1 to 5 mm (0.04 to 0.19 in.)
- verify if the using conditions (ambient temperature, humidity, etc.) are within the limits indicated by the builder (see the chapter TECHNICAL DATA)
- install the instrument in a location with a suitable ventilation, to avoid the internal overheating of the instrument
- do not install the instrument near surfaces that can to obstruct the air-grating (carpets, covers, etc.), heating sources (radiators, hot air ducts, etc.), locations subject to direct sunlight, rain, humidity, excessive dust, mechanical vibrations or bumps, devices with strong magnetos (microwave ovens, big speakers, etc.)
- according with the safety norms, the protection against possible contacts with electrical parts and parts protected with functional insulation only must be ensured through a correct installation procedure of the instrument; all parts that ensure the protection must be fixed so that they can not be removed if not with a tool
- if not differently specified at the time of order, the instrument will be equipped with screw brackets.

#### ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

FC 3-432 is provided with two screw terminal blocks for cables up to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (0.38 in <sup>2</sup>) for the connection to the power supply, measure input and outputs) and it is provided with one five poles single line male connector (for the connection to the CLONE configurer/cloner and RICS supervision systems) located on the instrument back panel (the connections to derive are related in Fig. 6 and they are checkable on the polyester label stuck on the instrument case).

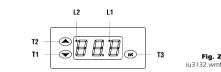
# ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- if the instrument is brought from a cold to a warm location, the humidity may condense inside the instrument; wait about an hour before supply the instrument
- verify if the operating power supply voltage, electrical frequency and power of the instrument correspond to the local power supply (see the chapter TECHNICAL DATA)
- do not supply more instruments with the same transformer
- if the instrument is installed on a vehicle, its power supply must be derived directly from the battery of the vehicle
- give the instrument a protection able to limit the current absorbed in case of failure
- the instrument remains connected to the local power supply as long as the terminals 8 and 9 are derived to the local power supply, even if the instrument is apparently turned off
- give the outputs a protection able to protect them against short circuit and overload
- do not try to repair the instrument: for the repairs apply to highly qualified staff
- if you have any questions or problems concerning the instrument please consul Every Control (see the chapter BUILDER DATA). 1



Fig. 1 f3-432 wmf

After derived the connections related in Fig. 6, during the normal functioning the instrument displays the relative humidity read by the probe.



If an alarm should be active the instrument displays the alarm code flashing and the buzzer utters an intermittent been as long as the cause that has given it does not disappear (see the chapter SIGNALS AND ALARMS); pressure on the key T1 during an alarm permits to silence the huzzer

EC 3-432 is provided with two working setpoint and with some configuration parameters that get stored in a non volatile memory and that permit to set the instrument according with one's requirements (see the chapter CONFIGURABILITY).

During the regulations with an independent working setpoint and the second relative to the first and with two independent working setpoint, the output K 1 is associated to the first working setpoint, the output K 2 is associated to the second working setpoint, they remain activated continuously as long as the relative humidity read by the probe reaches the working setpoint and when it rises above (if the outputs were set for "dehumidifying" functioning) or it falls below (if the outputs were set for "humidifying" functioning) the respective working setpoint of the hysteresis value (differential) the outputs get reactivated.

During the regulation with "neutral zone" the output K 1 remains activated continuously as long as the relative humidity read by the probe reaches the working setpoint and when it rises above the working setpoint of the "neutral zone" value the output gets reactivated; likewise the output K 2 remains activated continuously as long as the relative humidity read by the probe reaches the working setpoint and when it falls below the working setpoint of the "neutral zone" value the output gets reactivated.

#### WORKING SETPOINT SETTING (WORKING RELATIVE HUMIDITY)

To modify the first working setpoint value keep pushed the key T3 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the desired value (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly): after the modification release the key T3 last; for the two seconds following the release of the key T3 the instrument displays the established value and the LED L1 flashes quickly to indicate that a first working setpoint setting procedure is running (passed the two seconds from the release of the key T3 without operated with the keys the instrument automatically turns out from the working setpoint setting procedure).

To modify the second working setupint value release and keep pushed the key T3 during the flashing of the LED L1 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the desired value (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly): after the modification release the key T3 last; during the pressure of the key T3 the LED L2 flashes quickly to indicate that a second working setpoint setting procedure is running (to the release of the key T3 the instrument automatically turns out from the working setpoint setting procedure)

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- for the whole period of a corrupted memory data alarm the access to the working setpoint setting procedure is refused
- if the parameter -/0 has value the second working setpoint does not exist the first working setpoint is programmable within the limits established with the parameters rA1 and rA2
- the second working setpoint is programmable within the limits established with the parameters rB1 and rB2
- if the parameter rA5 has value 1 the first working setpoint can not be modified as

USE PRELIMINARY INFORMATIONS







Fig. 6 c3-432e.wmf

long as the parameter rA5 gets set to 0

- if the parameter rB5 has value 1 the second working setpoint can not be modified as long as the parameter rB5 gets set to 0
- the working setpoint values get stored in a non volatile memory even if a lack of nower supply hannens

#### CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS SETTING

Configuration parameters are arranged on two levels, to protect the most tricky settings against undesirable violations and they are arranged in families that can be recognized through the initial letter of the label

To gain access to the first level keep pushed at the same time for four seconds at least the keys T1 and T2 (passed four seconds the instrument displays the label PA).

To select a parameter of the first level push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the label of the desired parameter

To modify the parameter value keep pushed the key T3 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the desired value (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly); after the modification release the key T3 last (to the release of the key T3 the instrument displays the label of the parameter again).

To gain access to the second level enter inside the first level and select the label PA.

Keep pushed the key T3 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays -19 (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly): after the modification release the key T3 last (to the release of the key T3 the instrument displays the label PA again): keep pushed at the same time for four seconds at least the keys T1 and T2 (passed four seconds the instrument displays the first parameter of the second level)

To select a parameter of the second level push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the label of the desired parameter.

To modify the parameter value keep pushed the key T3 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the desired value (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly); after the modification release the key T3 last (to the release of the key T3 the instrument displays the label of the parameter again).

To turn out from the configuration parameters setting procedure keep pushed at the same time for four seconds at least the keys T1 and T2 or do not operate with the keys for fifty seconds at least (time-out exit).

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- for the whole period of a corrupted memory data alarm the access to the configuration parameters setting procedure is refused
- the modification of a parameter value which unit of measure is the hour or the minute or the second has not immediate effect; to obtain this effect it must not be executed during the course of the value
- the configuration parameters values get stored in a non volatile memory even if a lack of power supply happens.

## CONFIGURABILITY

0 = the leading zeroes get not displayed

/5 0 1 --- 1 decimal point

1 = the leading zeroes get displayed.

#### WORKING SETPOINT

LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. WORKING SETPOINT rA1 rA2 % r.H. 0.0 first working setpoint If the parameter -/0 has value 1 or 2 it establishes the relative humidity associated to the output K 1, if the parameter -/0 has value 3 it establishes the relative humidity associated to the outputs K 1 and K2. rB1 rB2 % r.H. 0.0 second working setpoint It establishes the relative humidity associated to the output K 2 CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. PASSWORD PA -90 100 --- 0 password (§)

50	100		U	hassmola (3)	It es	tablishe	is the til	me that	disab	les the output activation from the moment of the instrument
he pass	sword t	hat peri	nits to	gain access to the second level.						
L MIN.	MAX	. U.M.	ST.	KIND OF REGULATOR	CA1	0	999	sec.	0	disabling time to the output activation from the previous
1	3		2	kind of regulator						activation
ablishes	s the ki	nd of re	gulator	; as indicated:	It es	tablish	es the ti	me tha	t disa	bles the output activation from the moment of the previous
first v	vorking	setpoir	nt indep	pendent and the second relative to the first	outp	ut activ	ation.			
			rking s	etpoint independent	CA2	0	999	sec.	0	disabling time to the output activation from the previous
"neuti	ral zon	e".								deactivation
L MIN.	MAX	. U.M.	ST.	MEASURE INPUT	It es	tablish	es the ti	me tha	t disa	bles the output activation from the moment of the previous
30	31		30	kind of probe	outp	ut dead	tivation			
ablishes	s the k	ind of p	robe th	hat the instrument must recognize to its measure input, as	CA3	0	1		0	output status during a probe failure alarm
ated:					It es	tablishe	s the st	atus to	which	the output gets forced during a probe failure alarm, as indi-
					cated	d:				
2 and	3 wire	is 0-20	mA hur	nidity transducer.	0 =					rm the output gets forced to the status OFF
-9.0	+10.0	) % r.H	. 0.0	calibration (§)	1 =	duri	ng a pro	be failu	ire ala	rm the output gets forced to the status ON.
ablishes	a thre	shold to	add al	gebraically to the signal coming from the measure input (for	CA4	0	1		0	disabling time to the output activation and deactivation
nce to c	correct	the sigr	nal).		It es	tablishe	is if to c	lisable	the ou	tput activation and deactivation for a fixed time, as indicated:
0	6		3	digital filter	0 =					
ablishes	s a tim	e consta	ant to a	pply to the signal coming from the measure input, as indi-	1 =	the o	output a	ctivatio	n and	deactivation get disabled for 3 sec.
:					LAB	EL MIN	. MAX	. U.M.	ST.	OUTPUT K 2 PROTECTION
			1 =		CBO	0	999	sec.	0	disabling time to the output activation from the instru-
			-							ment start
			5 =	19.8 sec.	It ha	is the s	ame sig	nificand	e of t	he parameter CAO.
48.0 9	sec.			20	CB1	0	999	sec.	0	disabling time to the output activation from the previous
0	1		0	leading zeroes displaying						activation
It establishes if to display the leading zeroes, as indicated:					It ha	is the s	ame sia	nificand	e of t	he parameter CB1.
	L MIN. 1 ablishes first v "neut MIN. 30 ablishes ted: 2 and -9.0 ablishes ce to c 0 ablishes 8.0 s 48.0 0	he password ft   L MIN. MAX   1 3   ablishes the kind first working   first and see: "neutral zon   L MIN. MAX   30 31   ablishes the kind: 2 and 3 wire   2 and 3 wire 2 and 3 wire   -9.0 +10.1   biblishes a the kind: 0 sec.   1.2 sec. 8.0 sec.   8.0 sec. 8.0 sec.   1.48.0 sec. 14.0 sec.	he password that perrival       LMIN.     MAX.     U.M.       1     3	he password that permits to       L MIN.     MAX.     U.M.     ST.       1     3      2       babinses the kind of regulator first and second working setpoint indeg first and second working s     "meutral zone".       L MIN.     MAX.     U.M.     ST.       30     31      30       30     31      30       2 and 3 wires 0-20 mA hur 2 and 3 wires 0-20 mA hur 2 and 3 wires 0-20 mA hur esto correct the signal).     0     6      3       0     6      3     3     3     1     =     3       0     6      3     3     3     1     =     3       1.2 sec.     3     =     1.2 sec.     5     =     8.0 sec.     5     4.8.0 sec.       0     1      0     1      0	he password that permits to gain access to the second level.     LMIN. MAX. U.M. ST.   KIND OF REGULATOR     1   3   2   kind of regulator.     bilishes the kind of regulator. as indicated: first working setpoint independent and the second relative to the first first and second working setpoint independent "neutral zone".   Image: Comparison of the second relative to the first instance second working setpoint independent     30   31   30   kind of probe babines the kind of probe that the instrument must recognize to its measure input, as ted:     2 and 3 wires 0-20 mA humidity transducer.	he password that permits to gain access to the second level.   If the start is the second level.     L MIN. MAX. U.M. ST.   KIND OF REGULATOR     1   3   2   kind of regulator.     abilishes the kind of regulator, as indicated:   if the second relative to the first first and second working setpoint independent and the second relative to the first first and second working setpoint independent and the second relative to the first first and second working setpoint independent and the second relative to the first first and second working setpoint independent   It estimates and the second relative to the first first and second working setpoint independent     "neutral zone".   It will will be the second relative to the first first and second working setpoint independent   It estimates and the second relative to the first first and second working setpoint independent     2 and 3 wires 4-20 mA humidity transducer   2 and 3 wires 4-20 mA humidity transducer   It estimates and the second relative to the signal coming from the measure input, as indicate to correct the signal).     0   6  3   3 digital filter all the signal coming from the measure input, as indicates and the second relative to the signal coming from the measure input, as indicates and the second relative to the signal coming from the measure input, as indicates and the second relative to the signal coming from the measure input, as indicates and the second relative to the signal coming from the measure input, as indicated and second relative to the signal coming from the measure input, as indicates and the second relative to the signal coming from the measure i	he password that permits to gain access to the second level. I milling MAX. U.M. ST. KIND OF REGULATOR 1 3 $\cdots$ 2 kind of regulator biblishes the kind of regulator, as indicated: first vorking setpoint independent and the second relative to the first first vorking setpoint independent and the second relative to the first first vorking setpoint independent and the second relative to the first first vorking setpoint independent and the second relative to the first meutral zone". L MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. MEASURE INPUT the distribution of probe that the instrument must recognize to its measure input, as ted: 2 and 3 wires 4-20 mA humidity transducer. 2 and 3 wires 4-20 mA humidity transducer. 3 and 3 wires 4-20 mA humidity transducer. 9 and 3 wires 4-20 mA humidity the signal coming from the measure input, for a the stablishes a time constant to apply to the signal coming from the measure input, as indi- 1 = the of 1 = the of 1 = the of 1 = the stablishes a time constant to apply to the signal coming from the measure input, as indi- 1 = the of 1 = the of 1 = the stablishes a time constant to apply to the signal coming from the measure input, as indi- 1 = the of 1 = the stablishes a time constant to apply to the signal coming from the measure input, as indi- 1 = the of 1 = th	he password that permits to gain access to the second level.   It establishes the first of second working setpoint independent after the second relative to the first first and second working setpoint independent after the second working setpoint independent after the second working setpoint independent after the second relative to the first first and second working setpoint independent after the second relative to the first first and second working setpoint independent after the second working setpoint independent activation.   It establishes the tion of output deactivation.     I MIN. MAX. U.M. ST.   MEASURE INPUT   It establishes the tion of probe     abilishes a threshold to add algebraically to the signal coming from the measure input, as indicated:   It establishes the signal coming from the measure input, as indicated:     0   6  3   digital filter     0   5   1.8 sec.     1.2 sec.   3 = 3.0 sec.   1.4 sec.     1.4 set as a signal coming from the measure input, as indicated:   It has the same signal coming from the measure input, as indicated:     0   1  0   1.4 sec.     1.4 sec.   1.4 sec.   1.4 sec.     1.4 sec.   1.4 sec.   1.4 sec.     1.4 sec.<	he password that permits to gain access to the second level. L MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. KIND OF REGULATOR 1 3 $-2$ kind of regulator biblishes the kind of regulator, as indicated: first vorking setpoint independent and the second relative to the first first vorking setpoint independent and the second relative to the first first vorking setpoint independent and the second relative to the first meutral zone". L MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. MEASURE INPUT abilishes the kind of probe that the instrument must recognize to its measure input, as ted: 2 and 3 wires 4-20 mA humidity transducer 2 and 3 wires 4-20 mA humidity transducer. 9.0 +10.0 % r.H. 0.0 calibration (§) biblishes a threshold to add algebraically to the signal coming from the measure input, as indi- i. 0 sec. 1 = 0.4 sec. 1.2 sec. 3 = 3.0 sec. 8.0 sec. 1.2 sec. 5 = 19.8 sec 4.8.0 sec. 0 1 0 leading zeroes displaying biblishes the direct the signalic maters of the signal coming from the measure input, as indi- L has the same significant CBI 0 999 sec.	he password that permits to gain access to the second level.   In estancishes the time that disart start.     L MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. KIND OF RECULATOR   istart.     1 3 ··· 2 kind of regulator   isitishes the kind of regulator, as indicated:     first and second working setpoint independent and the second relative to the first first and second working setpoint independent   It establishes the time that disart start.     2 MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. MEASURE INPUT   It establishes the time that disart start.     30 31 ··· 30 kind of probe that the instrument must recognize to its measure input, as tated:   It establishes the status to which cated:     2 and 3 wires 4-20 mA humidity transducer.   0   It establishes the status to which cated:     2 and 3 wires 4-20 mA humidity transducer.   0   It establishes the status to which cated:     2 and 3 wires 0-20 mA humidity transducer.   0   It establishes the disart start.     0 sec.   1 = 0.4 sec.   0     1.2 sec.   3 = 3.0 sec.   1 0     8.0 sec.   5 = 19.8 sec.   1   0     1 thas the same significance of tt thas

It establishes the resolution with which the relative humidity gets displayed, as indicated: 0 = the relative humidity gets displayed with the resolution of the unit of measure 1 the relative humidity gets displayed with the resolution of 1/10 of the unit of measure. /6 -99 +999 points 0.0 lower end of scale for 0/4-20 mA input (it coincides with the minimum calibration value of the transducer) It establishes the lower end of scale for 0/4-20 mA input and it must coincide with the minimum calibration value of the transducer -99 +999 points +100 upper end of scale for 0/4-20 mA input (it coincides with 17 the maximum calibration value of the transducer) It establishes the upper end of scale for 0/4-20 mA input and it must coincide with the maximum calibration value of the transducer LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. ON-OFF RELATIVE HUMIDITY REGULATOR ASSOCIATED TO THE FIRST WORKING SETPOINT AND TO THE OUTPUT K 1 rA0 -99 +99.9 % r.H. -0.2 hysteresis (differential) (§) It establishes the hysteresis (differential) relative to the working setpoint. If the parameter -/0 has value 3 the parameter rA0 establishes the "neutral zone" value. rA1 -99 +999 % r.H. 0.0 minimum working setpoint programmable It establishes the minimum working setpoint programmable: the instrument automatically verifies if the value established with the parameter rA1 is below the maximum working setpoint programmable established with the parameter rA2. rA2 -99 +999 % r.H. +100 maximum working setpoint programmable It establishes the maximum working setpoint programmable: the instrument automatically verifies if the value established with the parameter rA2 is above the minimum working setpoint programmable established with the parameter rA1. rA3 0 1 --- 1 "dehumidifying" or "humidifying" functioning It establishes the output functioning, as indicated: 0 = "dehumidifying" functioning 1 = "humidifying" functioning. rA4 0 1 --- 0 kind of hysteresis (kind of differential) It establishes the kind of hysteresis (kind of differential), as indicated: 0 = asymmetrical 1 = symmetrical. rA5 0 1 --- 0 locking of the working setpoint modification It establishes if to prevent the modification of the working setpoint, as indicated; 0 = the working setpoint can be modified 1 = the working setpoint can not be modified as long as the parameter rA5 gets set to 0. LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. ON-OFF RELATIVE HUMIDITY REGULATOR ASSOCIATED TO THE SECOND WORKING SETPOINT AND TO THE OUT PIIT K 2 rB0 -99 +99.9 % r.H. -0.2 hysteresis (differential) (§) It has the same significance of the parameter rAO. rB1 -99 +999 % r.H. 0.0 minimum working setpoint programmable It has the same significance of the parameter rA1 rB2 -99 +999 % r.H. +100 maximum working setpoint programmable It has the same significance of the parameter rA2. rB3 0 1 --- 1 "dehumidifying" or "humidifying" functioning It has the same significance of the parameter rA3 rB4 0 1 --- 0 kind of hysteresis (kind of differential) It has the same significance of the parameter rA4. rB5 0 1 --- 0 locking of the working setpoint modification It has the same significance of the parameter rA5. LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. OUTPUT K 1 PROTECTION CAO 0 999 sec. 0 disabling time to the output activation from the instrument start It establishes the time that disables the output activation from the moment of the instrument start CA1 0 999 sec. 0 disabling time to the output activation from the previous activation It establishes the time that disables the output activation from the moment of the previous output activation CA2 0 999 sec. 0 disabling time to the output activation from the previous

deactivation

CB2 0 999 sec. 0 disabling time to the output activation from the previous

the instrument start cated: 2 absolute lower relative humidity alarm 3 = 4 = 5 = 6 = recomputation and reenabling 7 = recomputation and reenabling. Ab4 1 7 --- 1 kind of alarm L1 1 15 --- 1 Personal Computer). Personal Computer) ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS the symbol (§) indicates that the parameter is of the first level if the parameter -/0 has value 3 the parameters of the family rB do not exist. SIGNALS AND ALARMS SIGNALS If the LED L1 is turned ON it means that the output K1 is activated. deactivation modified (see the parameters rA5 and rB5). It establishes the time that disables the output activation from the moment of the previous ALABMS CA3 0 1 --- 0 output status during a probe failure alarm It establishes the status to which the output gets forced during a probe failure alarm, as indi-0 = during a probe failure alarm the output gets forced to the status OFF 1 = during a probe failure alarm the output gets forced to the status ON. all outputs get forced to the status OFF. CA4 0 1 --- 0 disabling time to the output activation and deactivation It establishes if to disable the output activation and deactivation for a fixed time, as indicated: 1 = the output activation and deactivation get disabled for 3 sec. LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. OUTPUT K 2 PROTECTION disabling time to the output activation from the instrument start

It has the same significance of the parameter CB2. CB3 0 1 --- 0 output status during a probe failure alarm It has the same significance of the parameter CB3. CB4 0 1 --- 0 disabling time to the output activation and deactivation It has the same significance of the parameter CB4. LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. RELATIVE HUMIDITY ALARM REGULATOR ASSOCIATED TO THE FIRST RELATIVE HUMIDITY ALARM AA0 +0.1 +99.9 % r.H. +0.1 hysteresis (differential) It establishes the hysteresis (differential) relative to the parameter AA1. TECHNICAL DATA AA1 -99 +999 % r.H. 0.0 alarm setpoint Case It establishes the relative humidity to which the relative humidity alarm gets activated accord-Size: ing with the modality established with the parameter AA4. Installation AA3 0 999 min. O disabling time to the alarm activation from the instrument start Type of protection: It establishes the time that disables the relative humidity alarm activation from the moment of Connections: AA4 1 7 --- 1 kind of alarm It establishes the kind of relative humidity alarm that the instrument must manage, as indi-Amhient temnerature 1 = the relative humidity alarm never gets activated Power supply: absolute upper relative humidity alarm lower relative humidity alarm relative to the first working setpoint Insulation class upper relative humidity alarm relative to the first working setpoint Alarm huzzer lower relative humidity alarm relative to the first working setpoint with automatic Measure inputs upper relative humidity alarm relative to the first working setpoint with automatic Working range: LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. RELATIVE HUMIDITY ALARM REGULATOR ASSOCIATED Setting range: TO THE SECOND RELATIVE HUMIDITY ALARM Resolution. Ab0 +0.1 +99.9 % r.H. +0.1 hysteresis (differential) Disnlay<sup>.</sup> It has the same significance of the parameter AAO. Ab1 -99 +999 % r.H. 0.0 alarm setpoint Outputs: It has the same significance of the parameter AA1. Ab3 0 999 min. 0 disabling time to the alarm activation from the instru-Serial port: ment start It has the same significance of the parameter AA3. It has the same significance of the parameter AA4. LABELMIN, MAX, U.M. ST. CONNECTION IN A SERIAL NETWORK WITH EVCOBUS CODING SYSTEM PROTOCOL COMMUNICATION Instrument name instrument address Desired measure inp It establishes the address to which the instrument (slave) answers when it is connected to a Desired power supply serial network with EVCOBUS protocol communication managed from a master (for instance a Ontions: L2 0 7 --- 0 instrument aroup It establishes the group to which the instrument (slave) answers when it is connected to a serial network with EVCOBUS protocol communication managed from a master (for instance a

If the LED 12 is turned ON it means that the output K 3 is activated

If the LED L1 flashes it means that a count of a disabling time to the output K 1 activation is running (see the parameters CA0\_CA1\_CA2 and CA4)

If the LED L2 flashes it means that a count of a disabling time to the output K 2 activation is running (see the parameters CB0, CB1, CB2 and CB4).

If the instrument displays the indication "mm" it means that the working setpoint can not be

If the instrument displays the indication "E2" flashing and the buzzer utters an intermittent beep (corrupted memory data alarm) it means that there is a corruption of the configuration data in the memory (turn OFF and turn ON again the instrument; if to the turning ON again the alarm does not disappear the instrument must be replaced); during this alarm the access to the working setpoint setting and the configuration parameters setting procedures is refused and

If the instrument displays the indication "EO" flashing and the buzzer utters an intermittent been (nrohe failure alarm) it means that the kind of connected probe is not proper (see the parameter /0), the probe is faulty (verify the probe integrity), there is a mistake in the instrument-probe connection (verify the instrument-probe connection integrity) the relative humidity read by the probe is outside the limits permitted by the probe in use (verify that the relative humidity near the probe be inside the limits permitted by the probe); during this alarm the output K 1 gets forced to the status established with the parameter CA3 and the output K 2 gets forced to the status established with the parameter CB3.

If the instrument displays the indication "AL1" flashing alternated to the relative humidity read by the probe and the buzzer utters an intermittent beep (first relative humidity alarm) it means that the relative humidity read by the probe is outside the limit established with the parameter AA1 (see the parameters AA0, AA1 and AA4): inactive.

If the instrument displays the indication "AL2" flashing alternated to the relative humidity read by the probe and the buzzer utters an intermittent beep (second relative humidity alarm) it

means that the relative humidity read by the probe is outside the limit established with the parameter Ab1 (see the parameters Ab0, Ab1 and Ab4); inactive. ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- if the parameter /0 has value 31 during a probe failure alarm given by a mistake in the instrument-probe connection the instrument displays the indication "0" flashing and the buzzer utters an intermittent beep
- the alarm codes are related in order of precedence

# **TECHNICAL DATA**

plastic black (PC-ABS), self-extinguishing.
74 x 32 x 65 mm (2.91 x 1.25 x 2.55 in.).
panel mounting, panel cutout 71 x 29 mm ( $2.79 \times 1.14$ in.), with the equipped screw or spring brackets. IP 54.
screw terminal blocks with pitch 5 mm (0.19 in., power supply, measure input and outputs) for cables up to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (0.38 in. <sup>2</sup> ), five poles single line male connector with pitch 5.08 mm (0.2 in., serial port).
from 0 to +60 $^\circ\text{C}$ (+32 to +140 $^\circ\text{F},$ 10 90 % of not condensing relative humidity).
12 Vac/dc or 12-24 Vac/dc, 50/60 Hz, 1.5 VA.
II.
incorporated.
1 configurable for 2 and 3 wires 0/4-20 mA humidity transducers (Ri 56 0hm); at terminal 12 +12 V (+30 %, -20 %) are available to supply the transducer.
configurable.
all the working range.
configurable for 0.1 or 1 % r.H.
3-digit display 12.5 mm (0.49 in.) high red LED display with automatic decimal point, output status indicators.
two 6 (3) A @ 250 Vac relays (NO and change-over contact) for regulation loads management.
TTL with EVCOBUS protocol communication, for the con- nection to the CLONE configurer/cloner and RICS supervi- sion systems.

#### HOW TO ORDER

	EC 3-432.
ıt:	I (for 2 and 3 wires 0/4-20 mA humidity transduc
:	012 (12 Vac/dc),
	024 (12-24 Vac/dc).

- custom configuration, green LED display, SSR outputs.