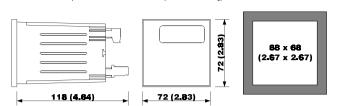
DIMENSIONAL DATA

OVERALL DIMENSIONS AND PANEL CUTOUT

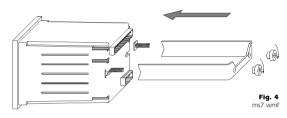
The dimensions are expressed in millimetres and inches (fourth-scale drawing)



INSTALLATION

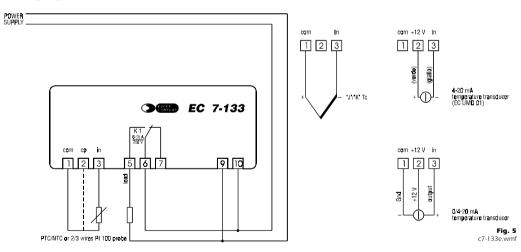
WITH THE FIXING SYSTEM SUGGESTED BY THE BUILDER

Panel mounting, with the equipped U-bracket (fourth-scale drawing).



ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

CONNECTIONS TO DERIVE



BUILDER DATA

EVERY CONTROL S.r.I.

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ON-OFF single output digital thermoregulator

Fig. 3

ds7e wmf

Operating instructions Release 1/99 of March the eleventh 1999 Code EC 7-133 DOC E000 File 7133e n65

IMPORTANT:

The use of this new instrument is easy; but for safety reasons, it is important read these instructions carefully before the installation or before the use and follow all additional informations.

It is very important keep these instructions with the instrument for future consultations.

GENERAL INFORMATIONS

WHAT IS THE USE

EC 7-133 is an ON-OFF single output digital thermoregulator able to cover a temperature range from -99 to +999 °C (-99 to +999 °F).

In factory the instrument gets preset to accept at the measure input PTC/NTC probes or "J"/ "K" thermocouples or 2/3 wires Pt 100 probes or 2 and 3 wires 0/4-20 mA temperature transducers (in this last case it is possible to set the reading scale).

Some parameters permit to set the thermoregulator for "cooling" or "heating" functioning, to protect the connected load against overloads due to several starts repeated in a short time, to signal working conditions outside the safety limits.

EC 7-133 is available in the 72 x 72 mm (2.83 x 2.83 in.) case and it is studied for panel mounting with the equipped U-bracket.

GETTING STARTED

INSTALLATION

EC 7-133 was studied for panel mounting, panel cutout 68 x 68 mm (2.67 x 2.67 in.), with the equipped U-bracket (the overall dimensions and the panel cutout are related in Fig. 3, the fixing system suggested by the builder is related in Fig. 4).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- the panel thickness must be included from 1 to 5 mm (0.04 to 0.19 in.)
 verify if the using conditions (ambient temperature, humidity, etc.) are within the
- limits indicated by the builder (see the chapter TECHNICAL DATA) ' install the instrument in a location with a suitable ventilation, to avoid the internal overheading of the instrument
- do not install the instrument near surfaces that can to obstruct the air-grating (carpets, covers, etc.), heating sources (radiators, hot air ducts, etc.), locations subject to direct sunlight, rain, humidity, excessive dust, mechanical vibrations or bumps, devices with strong magnetos (microwave ovens, big speakers, etc.)
- according with the safety norms, the protection against possible contacts with
 electrical parts and parts protected with functional insulation only must be ensured
 through a correct installation procedure of the instrument; all parts that ensure the
 protection must be fixed so that they can not be removed if not with a tool.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

EC 7-133 is provided with one extractable screw terminal block for cables up to 2.5 mm² (0.38 in.², for the connection to the power supply, measure input and output), located on the instrument back panel (the connections to derive are related in Fig. 5 and they are checkable on the polyester label stuck on the instrument case).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- if the instrument is brought from a cold to a warm location, the humidity may condense inside the instrument; wait about an hour before supply the instrument
- verify if the operating power supply voltage, electrical frequency and power of the instrument correspond to the local power supply (see the chapter TECHNICAL DATA)
- do not supply more instruments with the same transformer
- if the instrument is installed on a vehicle, its power supply must be derived directly from the battery of the vehicle
- give the instrument a protection able to limit the current absorbed in case of failure
- the instrument remains connected to the local power supply as long as the terminals 9 and 10 are derived to the local power supply, even if the instrument is apparently turned off
- give the probe a protection able to insulate it against possible contacts with metal parts or use insulated probes
- give the output a protection able to protect it against short circuit and overload
- do not try to repair the instrument; for the repairs apply to highly qualified staff
 - if you have any questions or problems concerning the instrument please consult Every Control (see the chapter BUILDER DATA).



Fig. 1 f7-133.wmf

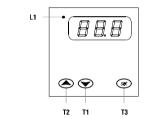
Fig. 2

iu7133 wm

USE

PRELIMINARY INFORMATIONS

After derived the connections related in Fig. 5, during the normal functioning the instrument displays the temperature read by the probe.



If an alarm should be active the instrument displays the alarm code flashing and the buzzer uters an intermittent beep as long as the cause that has given it does not disappear (see the chapter SIGNALS AND ALARMS); pressure on the key **T1** during an alarm permits to silence the buzzer.

EC 7-133 is provided with one working setpoint and with some configuration parameters that get stored in a non volatile memory and that permit to set the instrument according with one's requirements (see the chapter CONFIGURABULITY).

The output K1 is associated to the working setpoint, it remains activated continuously as long as the temperature read by the probe reaches the working setpoint and when it rises above (if the output was set for "cooling" functioning) or it falls below (if the output was set for "heating" functioning) the working setpoint of the hysteresis value (differential) the output gets reactivated.

WORKING SETPOINT SETTING (WORKING TEMPERATURE)

To modify the working setpoint value keep pushed the key T3 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the desired value (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly): after the modification release the key T3 the LED L1 flashes quickly to indicate that a working setpoint setting procedure is running (to the release of the key T3 the instrument automatically turns out from the working setpoint setting procedure).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- for the whole period of a corrupted memory data alarm the access to the working setpoint setting procedure is refused
- the working setpoint is programmable within the limits established with the parameters rA1 and rA2
- if the parameter rA5 has value 1 the working setpoint can not be modified as long as the parameter rA5 gets set to 0
- the working setpoint value gets stored in a non volatile memory even if a lack of power supply happens.

CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS SETTING

Configuration parameters are arranged on two levels, to protect the most tricky settings against undesirable violations and they are arranged in families that can be recognized through the initial letter of the label. To nain access to the first level keen sushed at the same time for four seconds at least the keys.

T1 and T2 (passed four seconds the instrument displays the label PA).

- To select a parameter of the first level push and release over and over the key ${\bf T1}$ or ${\bf T2}$ as long as the instrument displays the label of the desired parameter.
- To modify the parameter value keep pushed the key T3 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the



instrument displays the desired value (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly); after the modification release the key T3 last (to the release of the key T3 the instrument displays the label of the parameter again)

To gain access to the second level enter inside the first level and select the label PA Keep pushed the key T3 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays -19 (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly): after the modification release the key T3 last (to the release of the key T3 the instrument displays the label PA again); keep pushed at the same time for four seconds at least the keys T1 and T2 (passed four seconds the instrument displays the first parameter of the second level)

To select a parameter of the second level push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the label of the desired parameter.

To modify the parameter value keep pushed the key T3 (the instrument displays the actual value) and at the same time push and release over and over the key T1 or T2 as long as the instrument displays the desired value (keeping pushed the key T1 or T2 the value gets decreased or increased more quickly); after the modification release the key T3 last (to the release of the key T3 the instrument displays the label of the parameter again).

To turn out from the configuration parameters setting procedure keep pushed at the same time for four seconds at least the keys T1 and T2 or do not operate with the keys for fifty seconds at least (time-out exit)

ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- for the whole period of a corrupted memory data alarm the access to the configuration parameters setting procedure is refused
- the modification of a parameter value which unit of measure is the hour or the minute or the second has not immediate effect; to obtain this effect it must not be evenuted during the course of the value
- the configuration parameters values get stored in a non volatile memory even if a lack of power supply happens.

CONFIGURABILITY

WORKING SETPOINT

LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. WORKING SETPOINT rA1 rA2 °C 0 working setpoint It establishes the temperature associated to the output K 1. CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. PASSWORD PA -90 100 --- 0 password (§) It is the password that permits to gain access to the second level. LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. MEASURE INPUT /0 01 31 --- (*) kind of probe It establishes the kind of probe that the instrument must recognize to its measure input, as indicated. 01 = PTC probe 03 = NTC probe 10 = "J" thermocouple 11 = "K" thermocouple 20 = 3 wires Pt 100 probe 21 = 2 wires Pt 100 probe 30 = 2 and 3 wires 4-20 mA temperature transducer 31 = 2 and 3 wires 0-20 mA temperature transducer. /1 -9 +10 °C 0 calibration (§) It establishes a threshold to add algebraically to the signal coming from the measure input (for instance to correct the signal). /2 0 6 --- 3 digital filter It establishes a time constant to apply to the signal coming from the measure input, as indicated. 0 = 0 sec 1 = 0.4 sec 2 = 1.2 sec 3 = 3.0 sec. 4 = 8.0 sec 5 = 19.8 sec. 6 = 48.0 sec. --- 0 leading zeroes displaying /4 0 1 It establishes if to display the leading zeroes, as indicated: 0 = the leading zeroes get not displayed 1 = the leading zeroes get displayed. /5 0 1 --- 1 decimal point It establishes the resolution with which the temperature gets displayed, as indicated: 0 = the temperature gets displayed with the resolution of the unit of measure 1 = the temperature gets displayed with the resolution of 1/10 of the unit of measure. /6 -99 +999 points -20 lower end of scale for 0/4-20 mA input (it coincides with the minimum calibration value of the transducer) It establishes the lower end of scale for 0/4-20 mA input and it must coincide with the minimum calibration value of the transducer. /7 -99 +999 points +80 upper end of scale for 0/4-20 mA input (it coincides with the maximum calibration value of the transducer) It establishes the upper end of scale for 0/4-20 mA input and it must coincide with the maximum calibration value of the transducer. LABEL MIN. MAX. U.M. ST. ON-OFF TEMPERATURE REGULATOR ASSOCIATED TO THE WORKING SETPOINT AND TO THE OUTPUT K 1 rA0 -99 +99 °C (*) hysteresis (differential) (§) It establishes the hysteresis (differential) relative to the working setpoint. rA1 -99 +999 °C (*) minimum working setpoint programmable It establishes the minimum working setpoint programmable; the instrument automatically verifies if the value established with the parameter rA1 is below the maximum working setpoint programmable established with the parameter rA2.

rA2 -99 +999 °C (*) maximum working setpoint programmable

It establishes the maximum working setopint programmable: the instrument automatically verifies if the value established with the parameter rA2 is above the minimum working setpoint

progra rA3	0	1		1	"cooling" or "heating" functioning
	-	-			q, as indicated:
0 =					y, as indicated.
1 =	"heatir	ng" fur	ictioning ictioning	, j.	
rA4	0	1		0	kind of hysteresis (kind of differential)
				steresis	s (kind of differential), as indicated:
0 = 1 =	asymn symm				
rA5	0	1		0	locking of the working setpoint modification
		if to p	revent t	- he mod	lification of the working setpoint, as indicated:
= 0	the wo	orking	setpoint	can be	modified
1 =					t be modified as long as the parameter rA5 gets set to 0.
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UNU	U	333	366.	U	ment start
lt esta	blishes	the tin	ne that	disables	s the output activation from the moment of the instrument
start.					
CA1	0	999	Sec.	0	disabling time to the output activation from the previous
It acts	hlichae	the ti	ma that	dicable	activation is the output activation from the moment of the previous
	activat		no mai	uisabio	s the output activation from the moment of the previous
CA2	0	999	sec.	0	disabling time to the output activation from the previous
					deactivation
	blishes deacti		me that	disable	is the output activation from the moment of the previous
CA3	0 O	vation.		0	output status during a probe failure alarm
		•			he output gets forced during a probe failure alarm, as indi-
cated:					
0 = 1 =					the output gets forced to the status OFF
I = CA4	auring N	a proi	be tailur	e alarm N	the output gets forced to the status ON. disabling time to the output activation and deactivation
	•	•	isahle th	•	ut activation and deactivation for a fixed time, as indicated:
0 =	inactiv			io outpi	
1 =					eactivation get disabled for 3 sec.
LABEL	. MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	ST.	TEMPERATURE ALARM REGULATOR ASSOCIATED TO THE
	(*)	.00	**	(*)	FIRST TEMPERATURE ALARM
	(*)	+99	°C	(*)	hysteresis (differential)
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Personal Computer).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

- the symbol (§) indicates that the parameter is of the first level
- the symbol (*) indicates that the value depends from the measure input presetting requested

if the instrument is preset to accept at the measure input "J"/"K" thermocouples the parameter /5 does not exist

if the instrument is not preset to accept at the measure input 2 and 3 wires 0/4-20 mA temperature transducers the parameters /6 and /7 do not exist.

SIGNALS AND ALARMS

SIGNALS

If the LED L1 is turned ON it means that the output K 1 is activated. If the LED L1 flashes it means that a count of a disabling time to the output K1 activation is running (see the parameters CAO, CA1, CA2 and CA4).

If the instrument displays the indication "="" it means that the working setpoint can not be modified (see the parameters rA5)

If the instrument displays the indication "E2" flashing and the buzzer utters an intermittent beep (corrupted memory data alarm) it means that there is a corruption of the configuration data in the memory (turn OFF and turn ON again the instrument: if to the turning ON again the alarm does not disappear the instrument must be replaced); during this alarm the access to the working setpoint setting and the configuration parameters setting procedures is refused and the output K 1 gets forced to the status OFF.

If the instrument displays the indication "EO" flashing and the buzzer utters an intermittent beep (probe failure alarm) it means that: the kind of connected probe is not proper (see the parameter /0), the probe is faulty (verify the probe integrity), there is a mistake in the instrument-probe connection (verify the instrument-probe connection integrity), the temperature read by the probe is outside the limits permitted by the probe in use (verify that the temperature near the probe be inside the limits permitted by the probe); during this alarm the output K 1 gets forced to the status established with the parameter CA3.

If the instrument displays the indication "EOC" flashing and the buzzer utters an intermittent beep (cold junction/third wire failure alarm) it means that, if the instrument is preset to accept at the measure input ".I"/"K" thermocouples there is a mistake in the cold junction adjustment circuit (the instrument must be replaced), if the instrument is preset to accept at the measure input 2/3 wires Pt 100 probes and it is set to recognize to its measure input 3 wires Pt 100 probes the third wire of the probe is not connected (verify the instrument-probe connection integrity); during this alarm the output K 1 gets forced to the status established with the parameter CA3.

If the instrument displays the indication "AL1" flashing alternated to the temperature read by the probe and the buzzer utters an intermittent been (first temperature alarm) it means that the temperature read by the probe is outside the limit established with the parameter AA1 (see the narameters AA0 AA1 and AA4) inactive

If the instrument displays the indication "AL2" flashing alternated to the temperature read by the probe and the buzzer utters an intermittent beep (second temperature alarm) it means that the temperature read by the probe is outside the limit established with the parameter Ab1 (see the parameters Ab0, Ab1 and Ab4); inactive.

If the instrument displays the indication "999" flashing (end of scale display) it means that the temperature read by the probe is outside the working range permitted by the instrument (verify that the temperature near the probe be inside the limits permitted by the instrument); inactive. ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONS

the alarm codes are related in order of precedence

TECHNICAL DATA

TECHNICAL DATA	
Case:	plastic black (PPO), self-extinguishing.
Size:	72 x 72 x 110 mm (2.83 x 2.83 x 4.33 in.), with terminal block.
Installation:	panel mounting, panel cutout 68 x 68 mm (2.67 x 2.67 in.) with the equipped U-bracket.
Type of protection:	IP 54.
Connections:	extractable screw terminal block with pitch 5.08 mm (0.2 in., power supply, measure input and output) for ca bles up to 2.5 mm ² (0.38 in. ²).
Ambient temperature:	from 0 to +60 °C (+32 to +140 °F, 10 90 % of not con- densing relative humidity).
Power supply:	230 Vac or 115 Vac or 24 Vac or 12-24 Vac/dc or 12 Vac/dc, 50/60 Hz, 2 VA.
Insulation class:	II.
Alarm buzzer:	incorporated.
Measure inputs:	1 configurable, hardware depending, for PTC/NTC probes or "J"/"K" thermocouples or 2/3 wires Pt 100 probes or 2 and 3 wires 0/4-20 mA temperature transducers (Ri 56 0hm); at terminal 2 +12 V (+30 %, -20 %) are available to supply the transducer.
Working range:	from -50 to +150 °C (-58 to +302 °F) for PTC probe, from -40 to +110 °C (-40 to +230 °F) for NTC probe, from -99 to +700 °C (-99 to +999 °F) for "N" thermocouple, from -99 to +999 °C (-99 to +999 °F) for "X" thermocouple, from -99 to +600 °C (-99 to +999 °F) for 2/3 wires Pt 100 probes configurable for 2 and 3 wires 0/4-20 mA temperature trans ducers.
Setting range:	from -99 to +999 °C (-99 to +999 °F).
Resolution:	configurable for 0.1 (except the instruments preset to ac cept at the measure input "J"/"K" thermocouples) or 1 °C (1 °F).
Display:	3-digit display 12.5 mm (0.49 in.) high red LED display with automatic decimal point and minus sign, output sta- tus indicator.
Outputs:	one change-over contact 8 (3) A @ 250 Vac relay for regu- lation load management.

HOW TO ORDER

CODING SYS

Instrument

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Ontions:

STEM	
name:	EC 7-133.
asure input:	P (for PTC/NTC probes), J (for "J"/"K" thermocouples), C (for 2/3 wires Pt 100 probes), I (for 2 and 3 wires 0/4-20 mA temperature transducers).
ver supply:	220 (230 Vac) 115 (115 Vac) A24 (24 Vac) 024 (12-24 Vac/dc) 012 (12 Vac/dc).
	custom configuration, temperature display in °F, green LED display, SSR output, serial port.