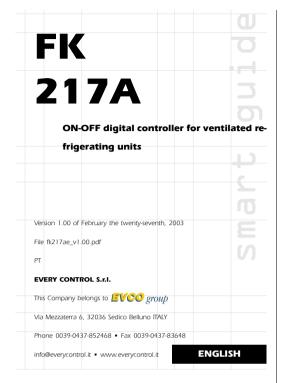
LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	ENERGY SAVING (the working setpoint becomes r8)	
Hr1	0.0	23.5	h.damin ⁽⁹⁾	0.0	Energy Saving cycle activation time	
Hr2	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)	0.0	Energy Saving cycle length	

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	REAL TIME DEFROST	
Hd1	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		first defrost activation time (it is important if dE = 3; = it will never be activated) (10)	
Hd2	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		second defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$; = it will never be activated) (10)	
Hd3	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		third defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$; = it will never be activated) (10)	
Hd4	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		fourth defrost activation time (it is important if dE = 3; = it will never be activated) $^{(10)}$	
Hd5	0.0	23.5	h.damin ⁽⁹⁾		fifth defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$;= it will never be activated) (10)	
Hd6	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		sixth defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$; = it will never be activated) (10)	

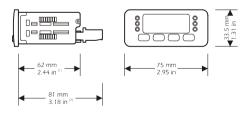
- (8) the unit of measure depends on the parameter /8
- 9) damin = 10 minutes
- (10) unless the evaporator temperature is below the defrost end temperature you have set with the parameter d2, the defrost will not be activated
- (11) once you have modified the value of the parameter, you will have to switch off the power supply of the instrument
- [12] if the parameter has value 0, the defrost will end by time (parameter d3); if the parameter F7 has value 3 or 4, the evaporator fan will work in accordance with the compressor, except what you have set with the parameters F4 and F5
- (13) if the time the compressor is ON is lower than 30 s, the compressor will never be ON; if the cabinet probe failure takes place during a compressor delay, the compressor will be forced OFF for 1 min; the parameter C1 sets the minimum delay between the end of the cabinet probe failure and the following activation of the compressor (if the parameter C1 has value 0, the compressor will be forced off for 2 min)
- [14] if at the moment of the defrost activation the cabinet temperature is below the value "working setpoint + r0", the instrument will not show temperatures above that value; if at the moment of the defrost activation the cabinet temperature is above the value "working setpoint + r0", the instrument will not show the increases of the temperature [if the increase takes place below the value "working setpoint + r0", look at the previous case]; the instrument restores the normal operation once the after dripping evaporator fan delay ends and the cabinet temperature falls below the freeze temperature
- [15] if at the moment of the defrost activation the compressor is ON since a time lower than the one you have set with the parameter, the compressor will be forced ON for a time such as to finish the time you have set with the parameter
- (16) if the lower temperature alarm takes place during the count of the delay, this last will be cleared
- [17] if the temperature alarm does not disappear at the end of the times you have set with the parameters A3 and AA, it will further be excluded for the time you have set with the parameter A6; if the temperature alarm takes place during the defrost and does not disappear at the end of the time you have set with the parameter A7, it will further be excluded for the time you have set with the parameter A6.
- [18] the evaporator fan stop temperature is "cabinet temperature F1"; you always have to consider the parameter F1 with positive sign.



1 PREPARATIONS

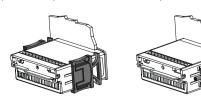
1.1 How to install the instrument

Panel mounting, panel cut out 71 x 29 mm (2.79×1.14 in), with click brackets (they are supplied by the builder) or screw brackets (by request).



(1) maximum depth with screw terminal blocks (by request)

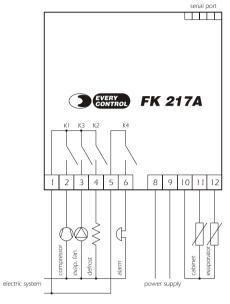
(2) maximum depth with extractable terminal blocks (standard model).



installation with click brackets (on the left-hand side, they are supplied by the builder)

and screw brackets (on the right-hand side, by request); if you are using screw brackets, you have to moderate the clamping torque, in order not to damage the box and screw brackets.

1.2 Electrical connection



2 OPERATION

2.1 How to turn the instrument ON/OFF

If you have to turn the instrument ON/OFF:

During the normal operation the instrument shows the cabinet temperature.

2.2 How to silence the buzzer

If you have to silence the buzzer:

press (+0)

press

2.3 How to activate the defrost by hand

If you have to activate the defrost by hand:

, and the second second

■ press ◆★

for 4 s

for 2 s

Unless the evaporator temperature is below the defrost end temperature you have set with the parameter d2, the defrost will not be activated.

3 REAL TIME CLOCK

3.1 How to set the clock

Press



for 2 s \nearrow : the instrument will show $P \cap P$

ress	◆★ or ◆②	for selecting r L c	6	ADDITIONAL FUNCT	TIONS
f you hav	ve to modify the value of th	ne hour:	6.1	How to gain access	the additional functions
press	set and ♠∰ or ♠ෙ		If you h	ave to gain access the a	additional functions:
f you hav	ve to modify the value of th	ne minutes:	■ press	(▶⊕)	for 2 s : the instrument
release	(set)and	press it again during the			will show P - 2
		modification of the hour,	If you h	ave to quit the procedu	re:
		then	press	★ or ↓ ③	as long as the instrument
press	↑ or ↓ o				shows the cabinet tem-
f you hav	ve to quit the procedure:				perature or do not oper-
press	◆★ or ◆②	as long as the instrument			ate for about 30 s.
		shows the cabinet tem-	6.2	Evaporator tempera	ture showing
		perature or do not oper-	If you h	ave to show the evapor	rator temperature:
		ate for about 30 s.	■ gain	access the additional fu	nctions
. w	ORKING SETPOINT		press	↑ or ↓ o	for selecting $P \vdash 2^{\scriptscriptstyle{(5)}}$
1.1 H	ow to set the working	setpoint	press	set	
f you hav	ve to modify the working se	etpoint value:	(5) unl	ess the parameter /Ab has value	1, the label Pr2 will not be showed.
press	set and ♠∰ or ♠⊕	(3) (4)	6.3	Temperature alarm	storage
3) you ca	n set the working setpoint between t	he limits you have set with the param-	If you h	ave to show the tempe	rature the instrument has stored
eters r	1 and r2		during	the lower temperature	alarm:
4) unless	the parameter r5 has value 0, you o	an not modify the working setpoint.	■ gain	access the additional fu	nctions
5 C	ONFIGURATION PARA	METERS	■ press	↑ or ↓ ⊙	for selecting 🛱 📙 (6)
5.1 H	ow to set the configur	ation parameters	■ press	set	
Configura	ation parameters are arrang	ged on two levels.	If you h	ave to show the tempe	rature the instrument has stored
f you hav	ve to gain access the first le	vel:	during	the upper temperature	alarm:
press	↑ and ••	for 4 s : the instrument	■ gain	access the additional fu	nctions
		will show 🏳 🛱	press	↑ or ↓ ②	for selecting $H^{(7)}$
f you hav	ve to select a parameter:		■ press	set	
press	◆ or ◆ or		If you h	ave to erase the tempe	rature the instrument has stored
f you hav	ve to modify the value of th	ne parameter:	during	the lower or upper tem	perature alarm:
press	set and ♠∰ or ♠⊕		■ gain	access the additional fu	nctions
f you hav	ve to gain access the secon	d level:	■ press	↑ or ↓ •	for selecting 🖁 📙 or 🗐 📙
gain ac	cess the first level		■ press	set	for 4 s : the instrument
press	↑ or ◆ •	for selecting 🏳 🛱			will show
press	set and ♠∰ or ♠ூ	for setting " -19 "	(6) unl	ess the parameter A8 has value	or 3, the label AL will not be showed
press	♠ and ◆ ②	for 4 s : the instrument	(7) unl	ess the parameter A8 has value 2	or 3, the label AH will not be showed.
		will show ے			
f you hav	ve to quit the procedure:				
press	★ and • •	for 4 s or do not op-			

erate for about 60 s.

A2A	0	2	_	1	kind of lower temperature alarm (0 = it will never be activated, 1 = lower temperature alarm	
					relative to the working setpoint, 2 = absolute lower temperature alarm)	
A1b	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	10.0	upper temperature alarm threshold; look at A2b as well	
A2b	0	2	-	1	kind of upper temperature alarm (0 = it will never be activated, 1 = upper temperature alarm	
					relative to the working setpoint, 2 = absolute upper temperature alarm)	
A3	0	240	min	120	upper temperature alarm exclusion time since you turn the instrument ON (it is important if	
					A2b ≠ 0) ⁽¹⁶⁾	
A6	0	240	min	5	temperature alarm exclusion time (it is important if A2A and/or A2b \neq 0) (17)	
A7	0	240	min	15	upper temperature alarm exclusion time since the end of the after dripping evaporator fan	
					delay (since the end of F5, it is important if A2b \neq 0) (16)	
A8	0	3	_	0	kind of temperature alarm the instrument has to store (it is important if A2A and/or A2b \neq 0;	
					0 = it will never be stored, 1 = lower temperature alarm, 2 = upper temperature alarm,	
					3 = both the lower temperature alarm and the upper one)	
A9	1	15	s	1	time between two records of the temperature alarm in succession (it is important if	
					A2A and/or A2b \neq 0 and A8 \neq 0)	
AA	0	240	min	0	temperature alarms relative to the working setpoint exclusion time since the activation/end	
					of the Energy Saving cycle	
			1			
LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	EVAPORATOR FAN	
F1	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	-1.0	evaporator fan stop temperature (evaporator temperature, it is important if /Ab = 1 and	
					F7 = 3 or 4); look at F6 as well	
F2	0.1	15.0	°C/°F (8)	2.0	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to F1, it is important if $Ab = 1$ and F7 = 3 or 4)	

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	EVAPORATOR FAN	
F1	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	-1.0	evaporator fan stop temperature (evaporator temperature, it is important if /Ab =	
					F7 = 3 or 4]; look at F6 as well	
F2	0.1	15.0	°C/°F (8)	2.0	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to F1, it is important if $Ab = 1$ and F7 = 3 or 4)	
F4	0	2	_	0	evaporator fan action during the defrost and dripping (0 = it will be forced OFF,	
					1 = it will be forced ON, 2 = it will work in accordance with F7)	
F5	0	15	min	2	after dripping evaporator fan delay	
F6	0	1	_	0	kind of evaporator fan stop temperature (it is important if /Ab = 1 and F7 = 3 or 4;	
					0 = absolute evaporator fan stop temperature, 1 = evaporator fan stop temperature relative	
					to the cabinet temperature) [18]	
F7	0	4	-	1	evaporator fan action during the normal operation (0 = it will be forced OFF, 1 = it will be	
					forced ON, 2 = it will work in accordance with the compressor, 3 = it will work in accordance	
					with F1 and F2, $4 = if$ the compressor is ON, it will work in accordance with F1 and F2, if the	
					compressor is OFF, it will be forced OFF)	

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	SERIAL NETWORK (EVCOBUS)	
L1	1	15	_	1	instrument address	
L2	0	7	_	6	instrument group	
L4	0	3	_	1	baud rate (0 = 1,200 baud, 1 = 2,400 baud, 2 = 4,800 baud, 3 = 9,600 baud)	

r1	-99	r2	°C/°F (8)	-50	minimum value you can assign to the working setpoint	
r2	r1	99.9	°C/°F (8)	50.0	maximum value you can assign to the working setpoint	
r5	0	1	_	0	working setpoint modification lock-out (1 = YES)	
r8	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	0.0	auxiliary working setpoint (it is the working setpoint during during the Energy Saving cycle)	

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	COMPRESSOR PROTECTION	
C0	0	240	min	0	minimum delay between you turn the instrument ON and the first compressor activation	
C1	0	240	min	5	minimum delay between two compressor activation in succession	
C2	0	240	min	3	minimum delay between the compressor gets OFF and the following activation	
C4	0	1	_	0	fixed delay since the compressor gets ON and OFF (1 = YES, for 3 s)	
C5	1	240	min	10	cycle time for the compressor activation during the cabinet probe alarm	
C6	0	100	%	50	percentage of C5 the compressor is ON during the cabinet probe failure (13)	

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	DEFROST	
d0	0	99	h	8	defrost interval (it is important if dE \neq 3); look at dE as well (10) (0 = the defrost will never	
					automatically be activated)	
d1	0	1	_	1	kind of defrost (0 = electric defrost, 1 = hot gas defrost)	
d2	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	2.0	defrost end temperature (evaporator temperature, it is important if $Ab = 1$)	
d3	0	99	min	30	defrost maximum length (0 = the defrost will never be activated)	
d4	0	1	_	0	defrost activation every time you turn the instrument ON (1 = YES) (10)	
d5	0	99	min	0	delay between you turn the instrument ON and the defrost activation (it is important if	
					d4 = 1)	
d6	0	1	_	1	freeze of the temperature showed by the instrument during the defrost $(1 = YES)^{(14)}$	
d7	0	15	min	2	dripping time	
d9	0	1	_	0	compressor protections cleaning at the moment of the defrost activation (it is important if	
					d1 = 1; 1 = YES)	
dE	0	3		0	defrost interval count mode; look at d0 as well (0 = the instrument counts the working time,	
					1 = the instrument counts the sum of the times the compressor is ON,	
					2 = the instrument counts the sum of the times the evaporator temperature is below dF,	
					3 = real time defrost, the defrost will be activated at the times you have set with the param-	
					eters Hd1 Hd6)	
dF	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	0.0	defrost interval count freeze threshold (evaporator temperature, it is important if /Ab = 1 and	
					dE = 2)	
dP	0	99	min	0	minimum time the compressor must have been ON at the moment of the defrost activation	
					in order that the defrost can be activated (it is important if $d1 = 1$) (15)	

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	ALARMS
A0	0.1	15.0	°C/°F (8)	2.0	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to A1A and A1b, it is important if A2A and/or A2b \neq 0)
A1A	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	-10	lower temperature alarm threshold; look at A2A as well

7 SIGNALS

7.1 Signals

LED	MEANING
*	Compressor LED
	if it is lighted, the compressor will be ON
	if it flashes, a compressor delay will be running (look at the parameters
	C0, C1, C2 and C4)
**	Defrost LED
	if it is lighted, the defrost output will be activated
	if it flashes:
	• a defrost delay will be running (look at the parameters C0, C1, C2 and
	C4)
	• the dripping will be running (look at the parameter d7)
	the freezing fluid heating will be running (look at the parameter dP)
@	Evaporator fan LED
	if it is lighted, the evaporator fan will be ON
	if it flashes, the after dripping evaporator fan delay will be running (look
	at the parameter F5)
M	Temperature alarm storage LED
	if it flashes, the instrument will have stored the lower and/or upper
	temperature alarm
Ф	ON STAND-BY LED
	if it is lighted, the instrument will be in the STAND-BY mode

8 ALARMS

8.1 Alarms

	CODE	reasons	REMEDIES	EFFECTS
	E 2	there is the corruption	switch off the power	• you can not gain ac-
	corrupted	of the configuration	supply of the instru-	cess the setting pro-
	memory	data of the memory of	ment: unless the alarm	cedures
	data	the instrument	disappears, you will	■ all outputs will be
			have to change the in-	forced OFF
2			strument	
FK 217A • Sheet 2/2	E 0	• the kind of cabinet	• look at the param-	• the alarm output
7A • S	cabinet	probe you have con-	eter /0	will be activated
FK 21.	probe	nected is not right	• test the integrity of	• the compressor will
S.r.l.	alarm	• the cabinet probe	the probe	work in accordance
ontrol		plays up	• test the instrument-	with the parameters
Every Control S.r.l.			probe connection	C5 and C6

	l	I	I
	• the connection in-	• test the temperature	• if the defrost is run-
	strument-cabinet	close to the probe (it	ning, it will immedi-
	probe is wrong	has to be between	ately end
	• the cabinet tempera-	the limits allowed by	• the defrost will
	ture is outside the	the working range)	never be activated
	limits allowed by the		
	working range of		
	the instrument		
EI	• the kind of evapora-	• look at the param-	• the alarm output
evapora-	tor probe you have	eter /0	will be activated
tor probe	connected is not	• test the integrity of	• if the parameter dE
alarm	right	the probe	has value 2, the in-
	• the evaporator	• test the instrument-	strument will work
	probe plays up	probe connection	as if the parameter
	• the connection in-	• test the temperature	had value 0
	strument-evaporator	close to the probe (it	• if the parameter F7
	probe is wrong	has to be between	has value 3 or 4, the
	• the evaporator tem-	the limits allowed by	evaporator fan will
	perature is outside	the working range)	work in accordance
	the limits allowed by	are working range,	with the compres-
	the working range		sor, except what
	of the instrument		you have set with
			the parameters F4
			and F5
			• the defrost will end
			by time (param. d3)
ЯΗ	the cabinet tempera-	test the temperature	the alarm output will
upper	ture is outside the limit	close to the probe	be activated
tempera-	you have set with the	(look at the parameters	
ture alarm	parameter A1b	A0, A1b and A2b)	
ЯН	there has been an up-	look at the parameters	no effects
for 3 s	per temperature alarm	A0, A1b, A2b, A8 and	
every 4		A9	
- 15*			
AL	the cabinet tempera-	test the temperature	the alarm output will
lower	ture is outside the limit	close to the probe	be activated
tempera-	you have set with the	(look at the parameters	
ture alarm	parameter A1A	A0, A1A and A2A)	
		<u> </u>	

ЯL	there has been a lower	look at the parameters	no effects
for 3 s	temperature alarm	A0, A1A, A2A, A8 and	
every 4		A9	
rtc	there is the corruption	set the clock again	• the alarm output
real time	of the data of the clock		will be activated
clock	of the instrument		• if the parameter dE
alarm			has value 3, the in-
			strument will work
			as if the parameter
			had value 0
			• the Energy Saving
			cycle will never be
			activated

The instrument shows the indications above alternated with the cabinet temperature, except the indication "E2" (it flashes) and "E0" (it is alternated with the indication "...") and the buzzer utters an intermittent beep.

9 TECHNICAL DATA

9.1 Technical data

Box: self-extinguishing grey.

Size: $75 \times 33.5 \times 81$ mm (2.95 x 1.31 x 3.18 in) the model with extractable terminal blocks (standard model), $75 \times 33.5 \times 62$ mm (2.95 x 1.31 x 2.44 in) the model with screw terminal blocks (by request).

Installation: panel mounting, panel cut out 71 \times 29 mm (2.79 \times 1.14 in), with click brackets (they are supplied by the builder) or screw brackets (by request).

Frontal protection: IP 65.

Connections: extractable terminal blocks with pitch 5 mm (0.19 in, standard model) for cables up to 2.5 mm² (0.38 sq in, power supply, inputs and outputs) or screw terminal blocks with pitch 5 mm (0.19 in, by request) for cables up to 2.5 mm² (0.38 sq in, power supply, inputs and outputs), 5 poles single line male connector with pitch 2.5 mm (0.09 in, serial port).

Ambient temperature: from 0 to 55 °C (32 to 131 °F, 10 ... 90% of relative humidity without condensate).

Power supply: 12 Vac/dc, 50/60 Hz, 1.5 VA.

Clock data maintenance without power supply: 24 hours (the instrument must

have been ON for 2 min at least).

Alarm buzzer: included.

Measure inputs: 2 (cabinet and evaporator probe) for PTC or NTC probes.

Working range: from -50 to 99.9 $^{\circ}$ C [-58 to 212 $^{\circ}$ F] for PTC probe, from -40 to 99.9 $^{\circ}$ C [-40 to 212 $^{\circ}$ F] for NTC probe.

Setpoint range: from -99 to 99.9 °C (-99 to 99 °F).

Resolution: 1 °F with unit of measure in Fahrenheit, 0.1 or 1 °C with unit of measure in Celsius.

Display: one red LED 3-digit display 13.2 mm (0.51 in) high, compressor, evaporator fan and defrost output status indicators, temperature alarm storage indicator, instrument mode indicator.

Outputs: 4 relays: one 8 A @ 250 Vac relay for one ½ HP @ 230 Vac compressor control (NO contact), one 8 A @ 250 Vac relay for evaporator fan control (NO contact), one 8 A @ 250 Vac relay for defrost system control (NO contact) and one 8 A @ 250 Vac relay for alarms control (NO contact).

Kind of defrost: electric and hot gas defrost.

Defrost control: defrost interval, defrost end temperature, defrost maximum length and defrost interval count mode (automatic and by hand).

Serial port: TTL with EVCOBUS communication protocol (for the configurer/cloner system CLONE and supervision system RICS).

10 WORKING SETPOINT AND CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS

10.1 Working setpoint

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	WORKING SETPOINT
	r1	r2	°C/°F (8)	0.0	working setpoint

10.2 First level parameters

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	PASSWORD
PA	-55	99	_	0	password

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	MEASURE INPUTS
/1A	-10	10.0	°C/°F (8)	0.0	cabinet probe calibration
/1b	-10	10.0	°C/°F (8)	0.0	evaporator probe calibration (it is important if /Ab = 1)

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	REGULATOR
r0	0.1	15.0	°C/°F (8)	2.0	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to the working setpoint)

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	ENERGY SAVING (the working setpoint becomes r8)
Hr1	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)	0.0	Energy Saving cycle activation time
Hr2	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)	0.0	Energy Saving cycle length

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	REAL TIME DEFROST
Hd1	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		first defrost activation time (it is important if dE = 3; = it will never be activated) [10]
Hd2	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		second defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$;= it will never be activated) (10)
Hd3	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		third defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$; = it will never be activated) [10]
Hd4	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		fourth defrost activation time (it is important if dE = 3; = it will never be activated) $^{(10)}$
Hd5	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		fifth defrost activation time (it is important if dE = 3; = it will never be activated) $^{[10]}$
Hd6	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		sixth defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$; = it will never be activated) (10)

10.3 Second level parameters

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	MEASURE INPUTS
/0	1	3	-	1	kind of probe (1 = PTC, 3 = NTC)
/1A	-10	10.0	°C/°F (8)	0.0	cabinet probe calibration
/1b	-10	10.0	°C/°F (8)	0.0	evaporator probe calibration (it is important if /Ab = 1)
/5	0	1	_	1	temperature resolution (it is important if /8 = 1; 0 = 1 degree, 1 = 0.1 degrees)
/8	0	1	_	1	temperature unit of measure (0 = Fahrenheit degree, 1 = Celsius degree)
/Ab	0	1	_	1	evaporator probe presence (and its functions; 1 = YES) (11) (12)

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	REGULATOR
r0	0.1	15.0	°C/°F (8)	2.0	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to the working setpoint)