LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	erial network (evcobus)	
L1	1	15	_	1	instrument address	
L2	0	7	_	6	instrument group	
L4	0	3	_	1	baud rate (0 = 1,200 baud, 1 = 2,400 baud, 2 = 4,800 baud, 3 = 9,600 baud)	

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	ENERGY SAVING (the working setpoint becomes r8)	
Hr1	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)	0.0	Energy Saving cycle activation time	
Hr2	0.0	23.5	h.damin ⁽⁹⁾	0.0	Energy Saving cycle length	

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	REAL TIME DEFROST
Hd1	0.0	23.5	h.damin ⁽⁹⁾		first defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$;= it will never be activated) (10)
Hd2	0.0	23.5	h.damin ⁽⁹⁾		second defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$;= it will never be activated) (10)
Hd3	0.0	23.5	h.damin ⁽⁹⁾		third defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$; = it will never be activated) (10)
Hd4	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		fourth defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$; = it will never be activated) (10)
Hd5	0.0	23.5	h.damin ⁽⁹⁾		fifth defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$; = it will never be activated) (10)
Hd6	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		sixth defrost activation time (it is important if dE = 3; = it will never be activated) (10)

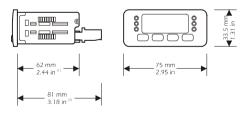
- the unit of measure depends on the parameter /8
- damin = 10 minutes
- (10) unless the evaporator temperature is below the defrost end temperature you have set with the parameter d2, the defrost will not be activated
- (11) once you have modified the value of the parameter, you will have to switch off the power supply of the instrument
- [12] if the parameter has value 0, the defrost will end by time (parameter d3); if the parameter F7 has value 3 or 4, the evaporator fan will work in accordance with the compressor, except what you have set with the parameters F4 and F5
- [13] if the time the compressor is ON is lower than 30 s, the compressor will never be ON; if the cabinet probe failure takes place during a compressor delay, the compressor will be forced OFF for 1 min; the parameter C1 sets the minimum delay between the end of the cabinet probe failure and the following activation of the compressor (if the parameter C1 has value 0, the compressor will be forced off for 2 min)
- [14] if at the moment of the defrost activation the cabinet temperature is below the value "working setpoint + r0", the instrument will not show temperatures above that value; if at the moment of the defrost activation the cabinet temperature is above the value "working setpoint + r0", the instrument will not show the increases of the temperature (if the increase takes place below the value "working setpoint + r0", look at the previous case); the instrument restores the normal operation once the after dripping evaporator fan delay ends and the cabinet temperature falls below the freeze temperature
- [15] if at the moment of the defrost activation the compressor is ON since a time lower than the one you have set with the parameter, the compressor will be forced ON for a time such as to finish the time you have set with the parameter
- (16) if the lower temperature alarm takes place during the count of the delay, this last will be cleared
- [17] if the temperature alarm does not disappear at the end of the times you have set with the parameters A3 and AA, it will further be excluded for the time you have set with the parameter A6; if the temperature alarm takes place during the defrost and does not disappear at the end of the time you have set with the parameter A7, it will further be excluded for the time you have set with the parameter A6
- [18] the evaporator fan stop temperature is "cabinet temperature F1"; you always have to consider the parameter F1 with positive sign.



PREPARATIONS

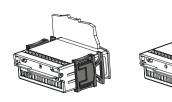
How to install the instrument

Panel mounting, panel cut out 71 x 29 mm (2.79 x 1.14 in), with click brackets (they are supplied by the builder) or screw brackets (by request).



(1) maximum depth with screw terminal blocks (by request)

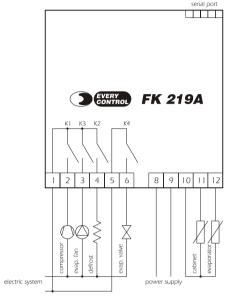
maximum depth with extractable terminal blocks (standard model).



installation with click brackets (on the left-hand side, they are supplied by the builder)

and screw brackets (on the right-hand side, by request); if you are using screw brackets, you have to moderate the clamping torque, in order not to damage the box and screw

1.2 Electrical connection



2 OPERATION

How to turn the instrument ON/OFF

If you have to turn the instrument ON/OFF:

During the normal operation the instrument shows the cabinet temperature.

2.2 How to silence the buzzer

If you have to silence the buzzer:

(▶⊕)

press

2.3 How to activate the defrost by hand

If you have to activate the defrost by hand:

press **^***

Unless the evaporator temperature is below the defrost end temperature you have set with the parameter d2, the defrost will not be activated.

REAL TIME CLOCK

3.1 How to set the clock

Press



for 2 s : the instrument will show P _ Z

Press ♠ or ♠ø	for selecting \vdash \vdash \vdash	6 ADD	ITIONAL FUNCTIO	NS	LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	ALARMS
If you have to modify the value of	the hour:	6.1 How to gain access the additional functions		A0	0.1	15.0	°C/°F (8)	2.0	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to A1A and A1b, it is important if A2A and/or A2b ≠ 0)	
■ press set and 🖍 or 👽	3)	If you have t	to gain access the addi	tional functions:	A1A	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	-10	lower temperature alarm threshold; look at A2A as well
If you have to modify the value of	the minutes:	■ press (₩	for 2 s	A2A	0	2	-	1	kind of lower temperature alarm (0 = it will never be activated, 1 = lower temperature alarm
■ release set and	press it again during the			will show Pr2						relative to the working setpoint, 2 = absolute lower temperature alarm)
	modification of the hour,	If you have t	to quit the procedure:		A1b	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	10.0	upper temperature alarm threshold; look at A2b as well
	then	■ press (↑ or ↓ o	as long as the instrument	A2b	0	2	_	1	kind of upper temperature alarm (0 = it will never be activated, 1 = upper temperature alarm
■ press				shows the cabinet tem-						relative to the working setpoint, 2 = absolute upper temperature alarm)
If you have to quit the procedure:				perature or do not oper-	A3	0	240	min	120	upper temperature alarm exclusion time since you turn the instrument ON (it is important if
■ press	as long as the instrument			ate for about 30 s.						$A2b \neq 0$) (16)
	shows the cabinet tem-	6.2 Evap	porator temperatur	e showing	A6	0	240	min	5	temperature alarm exclusion time (it is important if A2A and/or A2b \neq 0) (17)
	perature or do not oper-	If you have t	to show the evaporator	temperature:	A7	0	240	min	15	upper temperature alarm exclusion time since the end of the after dripping evaporator fan
	ate for about 30 s.	■ gain acces	ss the additional function	ons						delay (since the end of F5, it is important if A2b \neq 0) (16)
4 WORKING SETPOINT		• press (♠ ∰ or ↓ ⊕	for selecting $P \vdash 2^{(5)}$	A8	0	3		0	kind of temperature alarm the instrument has to store (it is important if A2A and/or A2b \neq 0;
4.1 How to set the working	g setpoint	• press (set							0 = it will never be stored, 1 = lower temperature alarm, 2 = upper temperature alarm,
If you have to modify the working	setpoint value:	(5) unless the parameter /Ab has value 1, the label Pr2 will not be showed.								3 = both the lower temperature alarm and the upper one)
■ press set and → or ◆€	■ press set and ↑ or ↓ ⊕ (3) (4)		6.3 Temperature alarm storage		A9	1	15	s	1	time between two records of the temperature alarm in succession (it is important if
(3) you can set the working setpoint between the limits you have set with the param-		If you have to show the temperature the instrument has stored							A2A and/or A2b \neq 0 and A8 \neq 0)	
eters r1 and r2		during the lower temperature alarm:			AA	0	240	min	0	temperature alarms relative to the working setpoint exclusion time since the activation/end
(4) unless the parameter r5 has value 0, you	u can not modify the working setpoint.	■ gain acces	ss the additional function	ons						of the Energy Saving cycle
5 CONFIGURATION PARA	AMETERS	• press (↑ ∰ or ↓ ⊕	for selecting $\prod L$ (6)						
5.1 How to set the configu	uration parameters	• press (set		LABEI	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	EVAPORATOR FAN
Configuration parameters are arran	nged on two levels.	If you have t	to show the temperatu	re the instrument has stored	F1	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	-1.0	evaporator fan stop temperature (evaporator temperature, it is important if /Ab = 1 and
If you have to gain access the first	level:	during the u	upper temperature aları	m:						F7 = 3 or 4; look at F6 as well
■ press ♠₩ and ◆♥	for 4 s : the instrument	■ gain acces	ss the additional function	ons	F2	0.1	15.0	°C/°F (8)	2.0	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to F1, it is important if /Ab = 1 and F7 = 3 or 4)
	will show 🏳 🛱	• press (♠ or ↓	for selecting $HH^{\scriptscriptstyle{(7)}}$	F4	0	2	_	0	evaporator fan action during the defrost and dripping (0 = it will be forced OFF,
If you have to select a parameter:		• press (set							1 = it will be forced ON, 2 = it will work in accordance with F7)
■ press ♠ or ◆⊕		If you have t	to erase the temperatu	re the instrument has stored	F5	0	15	min	2	after dripping evaporator fan delay
If you have to modify the value of the parameter:		during the lo	ower or upper tempera	ture alarm:	F6	0	1	_	0	kind of evaporator fan stop temperature (it is important if $Ab = 1$ and $F7 = 3$ or 4;
■ press set and ★☆ or ◆⊕		■ gain acces	ss the additional function	ons						0 = absolute evaporator fan stop temperature, 1 = evaporator fan stop temperature relative
If you have to gain access the seco	ond level:	• press (↑ or ↓ o	for selecting $ hbar L $ or $ hbar H $						to the cabinet temperature) (18)
gain access the first level		■ press (set	for 4 s : the instrument	F7	0	4	_	1	evaporator fan action during the normal operation (0 = it will be forced OFF, 1 = it will be
■ press ♠∰ or ♠�	for selecting $ ot\!\!P$			will show						forced ON, 2 = it will work in accordance with the compressor, 3 = it will work in accordance
■ press set and ★☆ or ◆€	for setting " -19 "	(6) unless the	parameter A8 has value 1 or 3	the label AL will not be showed						with F1 and F2, $4 =$ if the compressor is ON, it will work in accordance with F1 and F2, if the
■ press	for 4 s : the instrument	(7) unless the	parameter A8 has value 2 or 3	the label AH will not be showed.						compressor is OFF, it will be forced OFF)
	will show 🗗 🛚 🗓									
If you have to quit the procedure:					LABEI	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	KIND OF CONTACT OF THE EVAPORATOR VALVE

for 4 s or do not op-

erate for about 60 s.

erature alarm
s important if
aporator fan
d/or A2b ≠ 0;
rature alarm,
important if
ctivation/end
/Ab = 1 and
r 4)
forced OFF,
=7 = 3 or 4;
ature relative
1 = it will be
n accordance
and F2, if the
oi F

r1	-99	r2	°C/°F (8)	-50	minimum value you can assign to the working setpoint
-	1				, <u> </u>
r2	r1	99.9	°C/°F (8)	50.0	maximum value you can assign to the working setpoint
r5	0	1	-	0	working setpoint modification lock-out (1 = YES)
r8	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	0.0	auxiliary working setpoint (it is the working setpoint during during the Energy Saving cycle)
r9	0.1	15.0	°C/°F (8)	1.0	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to rA)
rA	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	2.0	temperature the evaporator valve will be activated (relative to the working setpoint; cabinet
					temperature); look at ur as well

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	COMPRESSOR PROTECTION
<u></u>	0	240	min	0	minimum delay between you turn the instrument ON and the first compressor activation
C1	0	240	min	5	minimum delay between two compressor activation in succession
C2	0	240	min	3	minimum delay between the compressor gets OFF and the following activation
C4	0	1	_	0	fixed delay since the compressor gets ON and OFF (1 = YES, for 3 s)
C5	1	240	min	10	cycle time for the compressor activation during the cabinet probe alarm
C6	0	100	%	50	percentage of C5 the compressor is ON during the cabinet probe failure (13)

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	DEFROST	
d0	0	99	h	8	defrost interval (it is important if dE \neq 3); look at dE as well (10) (0 = the defrost will never	
					automatically be activated)	
d1	0	1	_	1	nd of defrost (0 = electric defrost, 1 = hot gas defrost)	
d2	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	2.0	defrost end temperature (evaporator temperature, it is important if /Ab = 1)	
d3	0	99	min	30	defrost maximum length (0 = the defrost will never be activated)	
d4	0	1	_	0	defrost activation every time you turn the instrument ON (1 = YES) [10]	
d5	0	99	min	0	delay between you turn the instrument ON and the defrost activation (it is important if	
					d4 = 1	
d6	0	1	_	1	reeze of the temperature showed by the instrument during the defrost (1 = YES) $^{(14)}$	
d7	0	15	min	2	dripping time	
d9	0	1	_	0	compressor protections cleaning at the moment of the defrost activation (it is importa	
					d1 = 1; 1 = YES)	
dE	0	3	_	0	defrost interval count mode; look at d0 as well (0 = the instrument counts the working time,	
					1 = the instrument counts the sum of the times the compressor is ON,	
					2 = the instrument counts the sum of the times the evaporator temperature is below dF,	
					3 = real time defrost, the defrost will be activated at the times you have set with the param-	
					eters Hd1 Hd6)	
dF	-99	99.9	°C/°F (8)	0.0	defrost interval count freeze threshold (evaporator temperature, it is important if /Ab = 1 and	
					dE = 2)	
dP	0	99	min	0	minimum time the compressor must have been ON at the moment of the defrost activation	
					in order that the defrost can be activated (it is important if $d1 = 1$) (15)	

7 SIGNALS

7.1 Signals

LED	MEANING						
*	Compressor LED						
	if it is lighted, the compressor will be ON						
	if it flashes, a compressor delay will be running (look at the parameters						
	C0, C1, C2 and C4)						
**	Defrost LED						
	if it is lighted, the defrost output will be activated						
	if it flashes:						
	a defrost delay will be running (look at the parameters C0, C1, C2 and						
	C4}						
	• the dripping will be running (look at the parameter d7)						
	the freezing fluid heating will be running (look at the parameter dP)						
@	Evaporator fan LED						
	if it is lighted, the evaporator fan will be ON						
	if it flashes, the after dripping evaporator fan delay will be running (look						
	at the parameter F5)						
M	Temperature alarm storage LED						
	if it flashes, the instrument will have stored the lower and/or upper						
	temperature alarm						
Φ	ON STAND-BY LED						
	if it is lighted, the instrument will be in the STAND-BY mode						

8 ALARMS

8.1 Alarms

	CODE	reasons	REMEDIES	EFFECTS
	E 2	there is the corruption	switch off the power	• you can not gain ac-
	corrupted	of the configuration	supply of the instru-	cess the setting pro-
	memory	data of the memory of	ment: unless the alarm	cedures
	data	the instrument	disappears, you will	• all outputs will be
			have to change the in-	forced OFF
2			strument	
• FK 219A • Sheet 2/2	E 0	• the kind of cabinet	• look at the param-	• the compressor will
. A	cabinet	probe you have con-	eter /0	work in accordance
FK 219	probe	nected is not right	• test the integrity of	with the parameters
	alarm	• the cabinet probe	the probe	C5 and C6
ontrol (plays up	• test the instrument-	
every Control S.r.l.			probe connection	

evaporator probe	strument-cabinet probe is wrong • the cabinet tempera- ture is outside the limits allowed by the working range of the instrument	test the temperature close to the probe (it has to be between the limits allowed by the working range) look at the parameter /0 test the integrity of the probe test the instrument-probe connection test the temperature close to the probe (it has to be between the limits allowed by the working range)	if the defrost is running, it will immediately end the defrost will never be activated if the parameter dE has value 2, the instrument will work as if the parameter had value 0 if the parameter F7 has value 3 or 4, the evaporator fan will work in accordance with the compressor, except what you have set with the parameters F4 and F5
	the cabinet tempera-	test the temperature	by time (param. d3)
upper	ture is outside the limit	close to the probe	
tempera-	you have set with the	(look at the parameters	
ture alarm	parameter A1b	A0, A1b and A2b)	
НН	there has been an up-	look at the parameters	no effects
every 4	per temperature alarm	A0, A1b, A2b, A8 and A9	
AL	the cabinet tempera-	test the temperature	no effects
lower	ture is outside the limit	close to the probe	
tempera-	you have set with the	(look at the parameters	
ture alarm	parameter A1A	A0, A1A and A2A)	

ЯL	there has been a lower	look at the parameters	no effects
for 3 s	temperature alarm	A0, A1A, A2A, A8 and	
every 4		A9	
r t c	there is the corruption	set the clock again	• if the parameter dE
real time	of the data of the clock		has value 3, the in-
clock	of the instrument		strument will work
alarm			as if the parameter
			had value 0
			• the Energy Saving
			cycle will never be
			activated

The instrument shows the indications above alternated with the cabinet temperature, except the indication "E2" (it flashes) and "E0" (it is alternated with the indication

"- - -") and the buzzer utters an intermittent beep.

TECHNICAL DATA

9.1 Technical data

Box: self-extinguishing grey.

Size: $75 \times 33.5 \times 81$ mm (2.95 x 1.31 x 3.18 in) the model with extractable terminal blocks (standard model), $75 \times 33.5 \times 62$ mm (2.95 x 1.31 x 2.44 in) the model with screw terminal blocks (by request).

Installation: panel mounting, panel cut out 71 \times 29 mm (2.79 \times 1.14 in), with click brackets (they are supplied by the builder) or screw brackets (by request).

Frontal protection: IP 65.

Connections: extractable terminal blocks with pitch 5 mm (0.19 in, standard model) for cables up to 2.5 mm² (0.38 sq in, power supply, inputs and outputs) or screw terminal blocks with pitch 5 mm (0.19 in, by request) for cables up to 2.5 mm² (0.38 sq in, power supply, inputs and outputs), 5 poles single line male connector with pitch 2.5 mm (0.09 in, serial port).

Ambient temperature: from 0 to 55 $^{\circ}$ C (32 to 131 $^{\circ}$ F, 10 ... 90% of relative humidity without condensate).

Power supply: 12 Vac/dc, 50/60 Hz, 1.5 VA.

Clock data maintenance without power supply: 24 hours (the instrument must have been ON for 2 min at least).

Alarm buzzer: included.

Measure inputs: 2 (cabinet and evaporator probe) for PTC or NTC probes.

Working range: from -50 to 99.9 °C [-58 to 212 °F] for PTC probe, from -40 to 99.9 °C [-40 to 212 °F] for NTC probe.

Setpoint range: from -99 to 99.9 °C (-99 to 99 °F).

Resolution: 1 °F with unit of measure in Fahrenheit, 0.1 or 1 °C with unit of measure in Celsius.

Display: one red LED 3-digit display 13.2 mm (0.51 in) high, compressor, evaporator fan and defrost output status indicators, temperature alarm storage indicator, instrument mode indicator.

Outputs: 4 relays: one 8 A @ 250 Vac relay for one $\frac{1}{2}$ HP @ 230 Vac compressor control (NO contact), one 8 A @ 250 Vac relay for evaporator fan control (NO contact), one 8 A @ 250 Vac relay for defrost system control (NO contact) and one 8 A @ 250 Vac relay for evaporator valve control (NO contact).

Kind of defrost: electric and hot gas defrost.

Defrost control: defrost interval, defrost end temperature, defrost maximum length and defrost interval count mode (automatic and by hand).

Serial port: TTL with EVCOBUS communication protocol (for the configurer/cloner system CLONE and supervision system RICS).

10 WORKING SETPOINT AND CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS

10.1 Working setpoint

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	WORKING SETPOINT
	r1	r2	°C/°F (8)	0.0	working setpoint

10.2 First level parameters

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	PASSWORD
PA	-55	99	_	0	password

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	MEASURE INPUTS
/1A	-10	10.0	°C/°F (8)	0.0	cabinet probe calibration
/1b	-10	10.0	°C/°F (8)	0.0	evaporator probe calibration (it is important if /Ab = 1)

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	REGULATOR
r0	0.1	15.0	°C/°F (8)	2.0	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to the working setpoint)

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	ENERGY SAVING (the working setpoint becomes r8)
Hr1	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)	0.0	Energy Saving cycle activation time
Hr2	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)	0.0	Energy Saving cycle length

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	REAL TIME DEFROST
Hd1	0.0	23.5	h.damin ⁽⁹⁾		first defrost activation time (it is important if dE = 3; = it will never be activated) [10]
Hd2	0.0	23.5	h.damin (9)		second defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$;= it will never be activated) (10)
Hd3	0.0	23.5	h.damin ⁽⁹⁾		third defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$; = it will never be activated) (10)
Hd4	0.0	23.5	h.damin ⁽⁹⁾		fourth defrost activation time (it is important if dE = 3; = it will never be activated) $^{(10)}$
Hd5	0.0	23.5	h.damin ⁽⁹⁾		fifth defrost activation time (it is important if dE = 3; = it will never be activated) $^{(10)}$
Hd6	0.0	23.5	h.damin ⁽⁹⁾		sixth defrost activation time (it is important if $dE = 3$; = it will never be activated) (10)

10.3 Second level parameters

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	MEASURE INPUTS
/0	1	3	_	1	kind of probe (1 = PTC, 3 = NTC)
/1A	-10	10.0	°C/°F (8)	0.0	cabinet probe calibration
/1b	-10	10.0	°C/°F (8)	0.0	evaporator probe calibration (it is important if /Ab = 1)
/5	0	1	_	1	temperature resolution (it is important if /8 = 1; 0 = 1 degree, 1 = 0.1 degrees)
/8	0	1	_	1	temperature unit of measure (0 = Fahrenheit degree, 1 = Celsius degree)
/Ab	0	1	_	1	evaporator probe presence (and its functions; 1 = YES) (11) (12)

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	REGULATOR
r0	0.1	15.0	°C/°F (8)	2.0	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to the working setpoint)